

SEPARATIONS AND DIVORCES IN ITALY

Year 2010

- In 2010 separations were 88,191 and divorces 54,160; +2.6% and -0.5% year over year, respectively
- Total separation and divorce rates show that both phenomena are constantly growing: while in 1995 there were 158 separations and 80 divorces every 1,000 marriages, in 2010 they rose to 307 and 182, respectively
- The average duration of marriages at the time of separation/divorce proceedings being filed is 15 years for separations and 18 years for divorces.
- The average age at separation is around 45 for husbands and 42 for wives; for divorce it rises to 47 and 44, respectively. These figures are on the increase due to both the postponement of marriage to more mature ages and to the increase in separations with at least one spouse aged over sixty.
- The type of proceeding mainly chosen by couples is the consensual separation: in 2010, 85.5% of separations and 72.4% of divorces ended by mutual consent.
- The share of judicial separations (14.5% on average) is higher in the South and Islands area and in cases where both spouses have low level of education
- 68.7% of separations and 58.5% of divorces involved couples with children born during their marriage. 89.8% of separation agreements provided for joint custody, which has become far more common a procedure since the introduction in 2006 of Law 54/2006.
- 20.6% of separation agreements provided for spousal maintenance payments (in 98% of cases payable by the husband). This share was higher in the Islands (24.9%) and the South (24.1%) while in the North it settled at 17%. The average amounts, however, are higher in the North (520.4 million) than in the rest of the country (447.4 euros).
- In 56.2% of separations, the matrimonial home was assigned to the wife while only in 21.5% to husbands. 19.8% of separation agreements provided for two different and separate houses, other than the matrimonial one.

PROSPECT 1 - MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF SEPARATIONS AND DIVORCES 2007-2010 (absolute values, percentage values and per 1,000)

	2007	2008	2009	2010
Separations (absolute values)	81.359	84.165	85.945	88.191
Annual growth rate (%)	1,2	3,4	2,1	2,6
Divorces (absolute values)	50.669	54.351	54.456	54.160
Annual growth rate (%)	2,3	7,3	0,2	-0,6
Total separation rate (per 1,000 marriages)	273,7	286,2	296,9	307,1
Total divorce rate (per 1,000 marriages)	165,4	178,8	180,8	181,7
Consensual separations (per 100 separations)	86,3	86,3	85,6	85,5
Consensual divorces (per 100 divorces)	78,3	77,3	77,1	72,4
Separations with joint custody (per 100 separations with custody of minor children)	72,1	78,8	86,2	89,8
Divorces with joint custody (per 100 divorces with custody of minor children)	49,9	62,1	68,5	73,8

FIGURE 1. MARRIAGES, SEPARATIONS AND DIVORCES 1995-2010 (absolute values in thousands)

290,0	278,6	277,7	280,0	280,3	284,4	264,0	270,0	264,1	249,0	247,7	246,0	250,4	246,6	230,6	_
	_	Divorces	_	— Separ	ations		Marriage	8							217,
52,3	57,5	60,3	62,7	64,9	72,0	75,9	79,6	81,7	83,2	82,3	80,4	81,4	84,2	85,9	88,1
								_		47.0	49,5	50,7	54,4	54,5	54,2
27,0	32,7	33,3	33,5	34,3	37,6	40,1	41,8	43,9	45,1	47,0	70,J	50,1			
1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	201

FIGURE 2. AVERAGE NUMBER OF SEPARATIONS PER 1,000 MARRIAGES 1995-2010 (total separation and divorce rates)

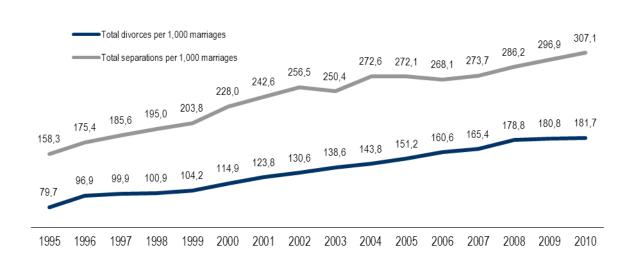
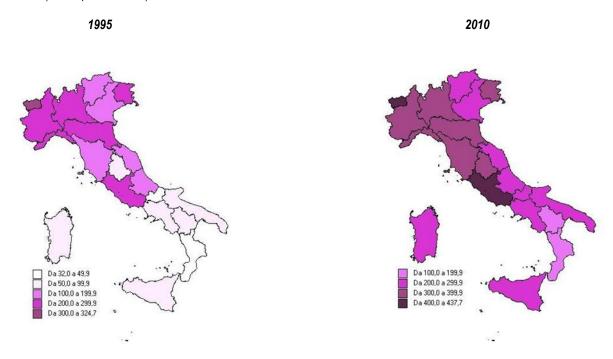


FIGURE 3. AVERAGE NUMBER OF SEPARATIONS PER 1,000 MARRIAGES BY REGION 1995 and 2010 (total separation rates)



PROSPECT 2. SEPARATIONS BY AGE CLASSES OF SPOUSES AT SEPARATION 2000, 2005 and 2010 (absolute and percentage values)

	<u> </u>	Husbands			Wives	
Age classes	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010
			Absolute	values		
14-24	565	424	310	2.275	1.635	1.240
25-29	4.723	3.418	2.589	9.839	7.832	5.926
30-34	13.157	11.573	9.183	16.161	16.183	13.595
35-39	16.123	17.267	15.697	16.576	19.160	18.047
40-44	13.982	18.197	18.452	10.899	15.748	19.063
45-49	9.063	12.574	16.760	6.698	9.405	13.301
50-54	6.435	7.788	10.283	4.557	5.181	7.430
55-59	3.674	5.002	6.191	2.409	3.291	3.912
60 and over	4.247	6.048	8.726	2.555	3.856	5.677
Total	71.969	82.291	88.191	71.969	82.291	88.191
			Percentage	e values		
14-24	0,8	0,5	0,4	3,2	2	1,4
25-29	6,6	4,2	2,9	13,7	9,5	6,7
30-34	18,3	14,1	10,4	22,5	19,7	15,4
35-39	22,4	21	17,8	23	23,3	20,5
40-44	19,4	22,1	20,9	15,1	19,1	21,6
45-49	12,6	15,3	19	9,3	11,4	15,1
50-54	8,9	9,5	11,7	6,3	6,3	8,4
55-59	5,1	6,1	7	3,3	4	4,4
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
60 and over	5,9	7,3	9,9	3,6	4,7	6,4

PROSPECT 3. SEPARATIONS BY CLASSES OF DURATION OF MARRIAGE AT FILING OF SEPARATION PROCEEDINGS 1995-2010 (absolute values and percentage compositions)

Duration of marriage (years)									
YEARS	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25 and over	Total		
				Absolute va	alues				
1995	12.752	12.577	8.767	6.847	5.468	5.912	52.323		
2000	14.717	17.160	14.138	9.510	6.962	9.482	71.969		
2001	15.480	17.917	15.040	10.116	7.065	10.272	75.890		
2002	16.133	18.394	15.816	10.360	7.549	11.390	79.642		
2003	16.445	18.575	16.739	11.006	7.627	11.352	81.744		
2004	16.158	18.292	17.281	11.499	7.966	11.983	83.179		
2005	15.420	18.045	16.566	12.055	8.014	12.191	82.291		
2006	14.346	17.442	16.102	12.268	7.801	12.448	80.407		
2007	13.677	17.421	15.607	13.123	8.397	13.134	81.359		
2008	14.447	17.940	15.484	13.513	8.689	14.092	84.165		
2009	15.869	18.886	15.237	13.494	8.519	13.940	85.945		
2010	15.589	18.514	15.470	14.256	9.241	15.121	88.191		
			Pe	ercentage com	positions				
1995	24,4	24	16,8	13,1	10,5	11,3	100		
2000	20,4	23,8	19,6	13,2	9,7	13,2	100		
2001	20,4	23,6	19,8	13,3	9,3	13,5	100		
2002	20,3	23,1	19,9	13	9,5	14,3	100		
2003	20,1	22,7	20,5	13,5	9,3	13,9	100		
2004	19,4	22	20,8	13,8	9,6	14,4	100		
2005	18,7	21,9	20,1	14,6	9,7	14,8	100		
2006	17,8	21,7	20	15,3	9,7	15,5	100		
2007	16,8	21,4	19,2	16,1	10,3	16,1	100		
2008	17,2	21,3	18,4	16,1	10,3	16,7	100		
2009	18,5	22	17,7	15,7	9,9	16,2	100		
2010	17,7	21	17,5	16,2	10,5	17,1	100		

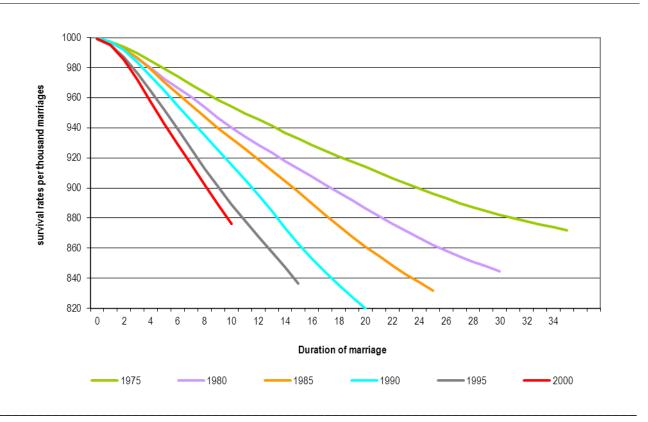


FIGURE 7. MARRIAGES, SEPARATIONS AND DIVORCES WITH MIXED COUPLES 2000-2010 (absolute values)

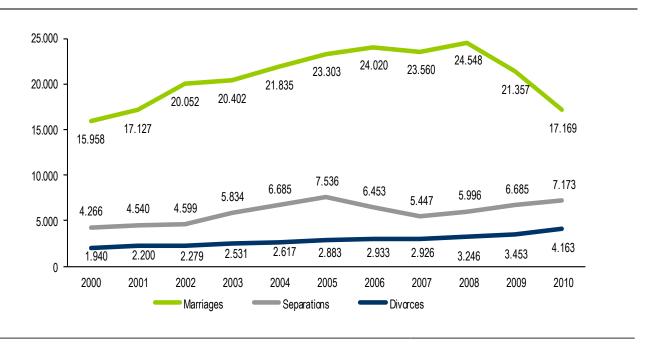


FIGURE 8. SEPARATIONS AND DIVORCES BY TYPE OF PROCEEDINGS 2010 (absolute values)

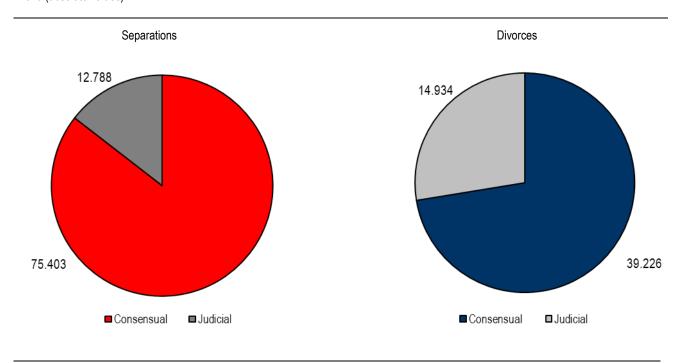
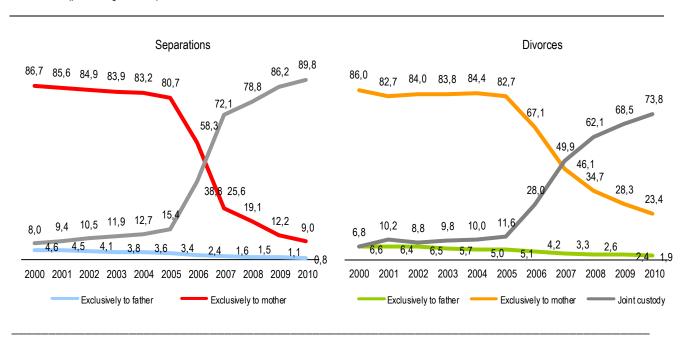


FIGURE 11. SEPARATIONS AND DIVORCES BY TYPE OF CUSTODY OF MINORS 2000-2010 (percentage values)



PROSPECT 4. MINOR CHILDREN OF WHOM CUSTODY WAS GRANTED IN SEPARATIONS AND DIVORCES BY TYPE OF CUSTODY, GEOGRAPHICAL MACRO-AREA, TYPE OF PROCEEDINGS AND AGE CLASS OF MINOR CHILD OF WHOM CUSTODY WAS GRANTED

2010 absolute and percentage values

			Separations					Divorces		
	Total minors of whom	Type	of custody (per	centage values	;)	Total minors of whom	Type	of custody (per	centage value	es)
	custody granted	Exclusively to father	Exclusively to mother	Joint custody	To third parties	custody granted	Exclusively to father	Exclusively to mother	Joint custody	To third parties
				Geograpi	hical macro-	area (a)				
North	30.861	0,7	7,4	91,3	0,6	12.372	1,6	19,4	77,9	1,0
Centre	14.145	0,6	7,2	91,9	0,3	5.350	1,3	24,7	73,4	0,6
South	20.421	1,4	12,2	85,9	0,5	5.823	3,2	30,7	65,4	0,7
				Туре	of proceeding	ngs				
Consensual	55.534	0,5	6,3	92,9	0,3	17.375	1,4	20,2	77,9	0,6
Judicial	9.893	2,5	24,1	71,8	1,6	6.170	3,4	32,5	62,4	1,8
			Age clas	sses of minor	s of whom c	ustody was grar	nted			
0-5	14.801	0,5	9,3	89,8	0,4	717	1,3	24,3	74,1	0,4
6-10	22.311	0,7	8,6	90,2	0,5	7202	1,4	22,8	75,1	0,7
11-14	16.884	0,9	8,9	89,7	0,5	8825	2,1	23,4	73,4	1
15-17	11.431	1,2	9,5	88,9	0,4	6801	2,3	23,9	72,9	0,9
Totale	65.427	0,8	9,0	89,8	0,4	23.545	1,9	23,4	73,8	0,9

⁽a) Geographical macro-area where separation procedures were concluded in judicial terms in the civil courts.

Glossary

Custody of minor children. Custody of minor children in separation or divorce proceedings until 15th March 2006 was governed by the Civil Code (article 155) and by Law no. 898 of 01st December 1970 as amended by Law no. 74 of 06th March 1987 (article 6). Law no. 54 of 08th February 2006 (in force since 16th March 2006) established that, in separation and divorce cases, the judge's priority must be to assess the possibility of awarding joint custody of minor children to both parents or establish which parent should be awarded custody, ruling on schedules and rules regarding their presence with each parent, as well as setting to what extent and in what way each of them must contribute to their maintenance, care, schooling and education. The judge also takes into consideration any agreements that have been made between the parents – if these are not against the interests of the children – and adopts any other measures regarding the children.

Divorce. The annulment and termination of the civil effects of marriages in the case, respectively, of marriages celebrated with a civil ceremony or marriages celebrated with a religious ceremony. Divorce was introduced in Italy by Law no. 898 of 01st December 1970; Law no. 74 of 06th March 1987 reduced the number of years required for the divorce judgment to be issued from five to three.

Average duration of marriage. The difference, in completed years, between the date on which separation proceedings (or divorce proceedings) are filed and the date of marriage.

Consensual separation. Based on an agreement between the spouses which establishes the rules for custody of children, any family allowances and division of property. In order to have legal validity it must be ratified by the judge.

Judicial separation. Actual legal proceedings initiated at the request of one of the two spouses, the subsequent case and pronouncement of separation judgment.

Specific separation (or divorce) rates by duration of marriage. Calculated as the ratio between the number of separations or divorces recorded during a calendar year t alongside each duration x of the marriage and the number of marriages celebrated t-x years previously (i.e. the cohort of marriages of time t-x). They measure the proportion of marriages celebrated in year t-x which end in separation or divorce after a duration of (t-x) years.

Total separation (or divorce) rate. The indicator obtained from the sum, in relation of the durations of marriages, of the specific separation or divorce rates described in the preceding entry. The sum expresses the proportion of marriages that end in separation or divorce during a calendar year t. It may also be defined as average number of separations or divorces per 1,000 marriages.

Methodological note

Every year ISTAT publishes the main results of its surveys of separations and divorces conducted at the registries of the 165 civil courts, collecting data concerning every single procedure which was concluded in judicial terms during the reference year.

These data make it possible to update trends in the two phenomena over time and monitor their main characteristics: the duration of marriages and the age of spouses upon separation, the type and duration of proceedings, the number of children involved and custody of minors.

In-depth datasets with the main results of surveys on separations and divorces are available in Excel format in the data warehouse I.Stat (http://dati.istat.it/) and at http://demo.istat.it in the "Other data" section.