

TERRITORY
ENVIRONMENT
POPULATION
HEALTH
LIVING CONDITIONS
EDUCATION
LABOUR MARKET
WELFARE
#YOUNGPEOPLE
CULTURE
JUSTICE
ECONOMY
PRICES
FOREIGN TRADE
AGRICULTURE
INDUSTRY AND ENTERPRISES
TOURISM

2014

Italy in figures





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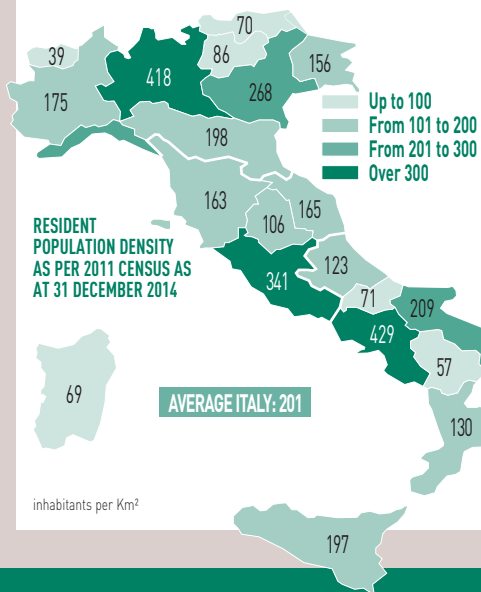
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Geographical areas:

- **North:** Piemonte, Valle d'Aosta, Liguria, Lombardia, Trentino-Alto Adige, Friuli-Venezia Giulia, Veneto, Emilia-Romagna
- **Centre:** Toscana, Lazio, Umbria, Marche
- **South and the Islands:** Abruzzo, Molise, Campania, Basilicata, Puglia, Calabria, Sicilia, Sardegna

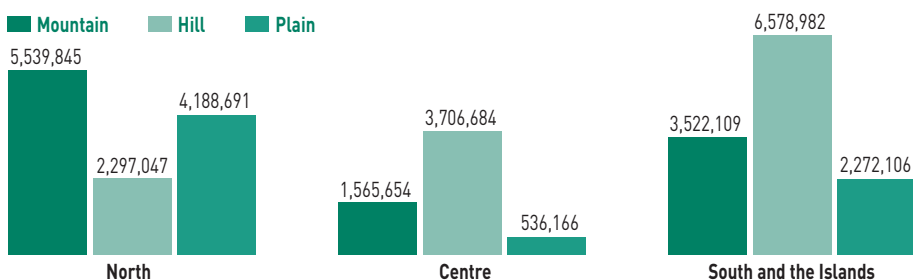
ITALY'S NUMBERS

Main territorial and demographic data

Latitude North	47° e 06'	Longest river - Po (km)	652
Latitude South	35° e 30'	Railway network (km)	16,742
Longitude West	6° e 37'	Road network (km)	179,024
Longitude East	18° e 31'	Regions	20
Maximum span (km)	1,200	Provinces	110
Territorial area (km ²)	302,072	Municipalities	8,057
Total area of woods (km ²)	104,675	Resident population	60,782,668
Total length of coastline (km)	7,375	Resident foreigners	4,922,085
High seismic risk area (km ²)	28,026	Number of households	25,791,690
Protected areas (km ²)	63,791	Households' average members	2.3
Highest mountain - Monte Bianco (m)	4,810	Population density (inhab./km ²)	201

TERRITORIAL AREA BY ALTITUDE AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

1 January 2014, hectares



WATER INPUT IN DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS, WATER SUPPLIED AND WATER LOSSES

Years 2008 and 2012, per capita volumes (liters per capita per day) and percentage values of the total

	2008			2012		
	Input	Supplied	Water Losses*	Input	Supplied	Water Losses*
North	372	274	26.2	379	261	31.0
Centre	388	263	32.2	386	226	41.4
South and Islands	366	221	39.7	392	222	43.4
Italy	373	253	32.1	385	241	37.4

* the percentage difference between the volumes input in the public water supply and the delivered water

KILOMETRES OF CYCLE TRACKS IN 2012

Torino	134.6
Aosta	29.0
Milano	83.1
Bolzano-Bozen	97.3
Trento	31.4
Venezia	27.1
Trieste	22.9
Bologna	72.4
Firenze	52.4
Perugia	1.6
Ancona	2.6
Roma	19.8
Campobasso	5.3
Napoli	13.4
Bari	7.5
Catanzaro	6.6
Palermo	13.1
Cagliari	11.1

per 100 km² of municipal area

Municipal waste: include household waste (including bulky ones), non-hazardous waste similar to municipal waste in type and quantity, waste from street cleaning, vegetable waste from parks and gardens, waste from cemeterial activities

Separate waste collection: consists in municipal waste (including wet organic waste) being segregated by waste type for reuse, recycling and reclamation of materials. It regards paper, glass, plastic, organic waste, metals, bulky recyclable waste, textile and others. Wet organic waste is collected separately by means of either reusable collection containers or certified biodegradable sacks

Maximum number of days exceeding the PM₁₀ limit values: limit set to protect human health and recorded by fixed air quality monitoring stations

2 ENVIRONMENT

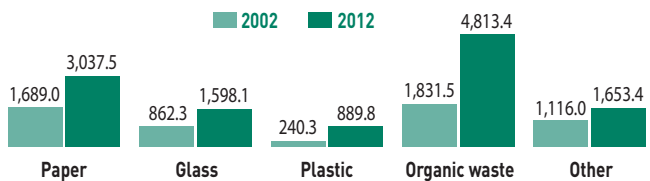
MUNICIPAL WASTE COLLECTION BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

2012

	Mixed collection (tons)	Separate collection (tons)	Total (tons)	Separate collection %	Kg/inhabitant
North	6,485,394	7,234,393	13,719,787	52.7	505
Centre	4,511,627	2,229,648	6,741,275	33.1	582
South and Islands	7,004,151	2,528,316	9,532,467	26.5	463
Italy	18,001,171	11,992,357	29,993,528	40.0	505

SEPARATE WASTE COLLECTION

Years 2002 and 2012,
millions of tons



ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATORS IN REGIONAL CAPITALS

2012

	PARKS AND GARDENS		CARS	WATER	AIR
	% of municipal area	m ² per inhabitants	per 1,000 inhabitants	litres consumed per day per inhabitant	Maximum number of days exceeding the PM ₁₀ limit values
Torino	16.4	24.5	622.1	210.1	118
Aosta	2.5	15.6	2522.8*	169.0
Genova	1.5	6.3	478.2	172.1	6
Milano	12.3	17.8	572.4	221.5	97
Bolzano - Bozen	4.2	21.1	988.7*	152.8	6
Trento	30.7	422.4	1.179.5*	159.1	38
Venezia	2.4	37.7	426.6	167.7	97
Trieste	7.9	33.2	529.5	158.4	26
Bologna	8.2	30.5	523.9	156.2	73
Firenze	7.0	19.8	546.5	158.7	69
Perugia	1.4	37.7	711.7	144.1	22
Ancona	1.8	23.0	615.7	158.2	76
Roma	3.4	16.8	711.0	199.2	57
L'Aquila	0.1	7.5	797.2	132.0
Campobasso	1.5	17.6	707.3	133.6	15
Napoli	10.0	12.3	562.6	158.3	86
Bari	2.1	8.0	567.8	149.5	13
Potenza	14.2	373.6	732.8	135.9	9
Catanzaro	3.7	46.6	658.4	226.7
Palermo	4.3	10.5	587.5	152.6	57
Cagliari	10.1	54.9	691.1	170.2	78

* data are influenced by a lesser taxation for new cars registration

RESIDENCE PERMITS ON 1 JANUARY 2014

North	2,506,892
Centre	898,573
South and the Islands	469,261
Italy	3,874,726

FOREIGN RESIDENTS IN ITALY

Census 1961	62,780
Census 1971	121,116
Census 1981	210,937
Census 2001	1,334,889
Census 2011	4,027,627
1 January 2014	4,922,085

Natural increase: difference between the number of live births and the number of deaths among the resident population occurred both in Italy and abroad

Net migration: difference between the number of new registrations and cancellations in population registers due to transfers of residence from/to another municipality, or transfers from/to abroad, or other reasons

Residence permits: documents issued by the Italian police authorities which give foreigners the right to legally stay in Italy (usually minors are recorded in their parents' permit). Since 1 January 2008 European citizens no longer need to obtain it, in compliance with the regulation n.2004/38/EC on the right of citizens of the Union to move and reside freely within the territory of the Member States

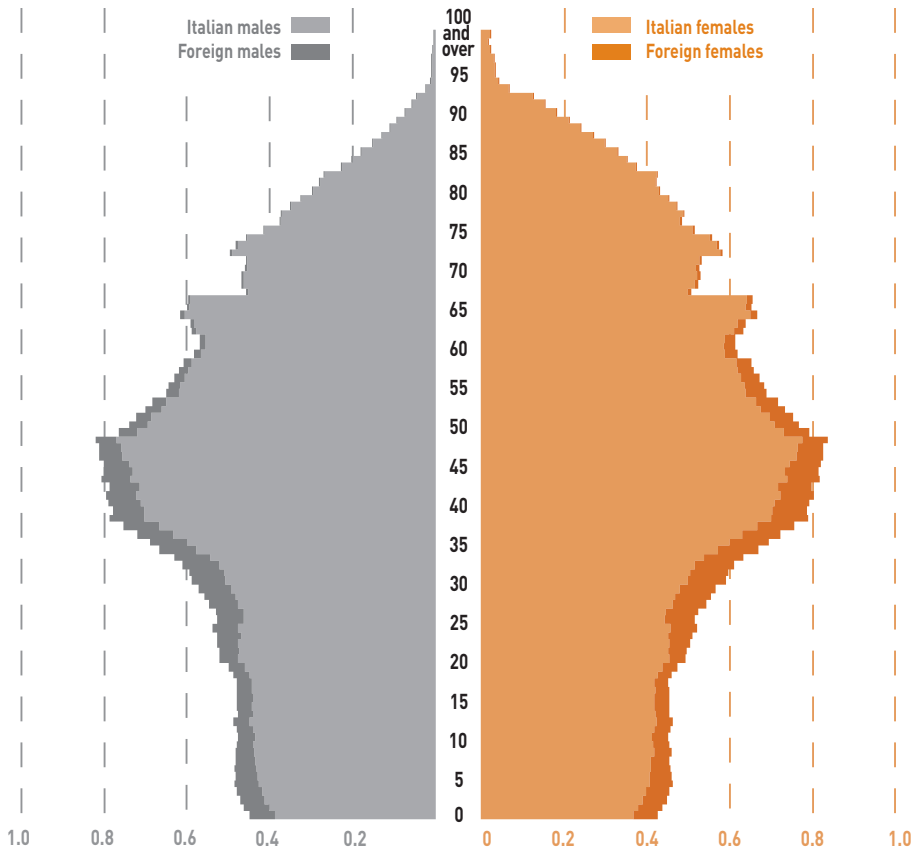
RESIDENT POPULATION AND POPULATION CHANGE BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

Population on 1 January 2014 and changes in year 2013

	Resident population	Natural increase	Net migration
North	27,785,211	-45,576	448,202
Centre	12,070,842	-21,819	411,163
South and the Islands	20,926,615	-19,041	324,512
Italy	60,782,668	-86,436	1,183,877

RESIDENT POPULATION PYRAMID BY SEX AND CITIZENSHIP

Population on 1 January 2013, percentage values



Life expectancy at birth: average number of years a new-born is expected to live

Resident population: Italian and foreign citizens having their usual residence in a municipality, even if they were absent on the considered day because they were abroad or in another municipality

Ageing ratio: ratio of population aged 65 and over to population aged 0-14, per 100

Structural dependency ratio: ratio of non-working age population (0-14; 65 and over) to working-age population (15-64), per 100

AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHILDREN PER WOMAN

1961	2.41
1981	1.60
2001	1.25
2013	1.39*
2030 (projection)	1.49

* estimate

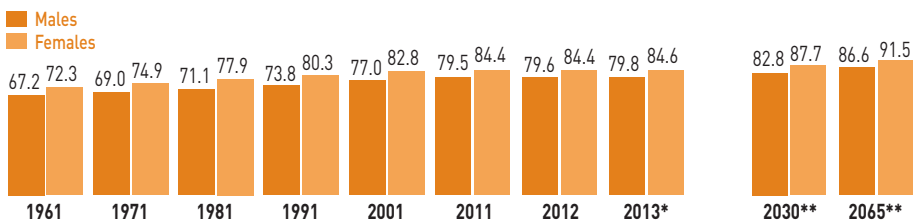
BIRTHS PER 1,000 RESIDENTS

1961	18.3
1981	11.1
2001	9.4
2013	8.5
2030 (projection)	8.1

4 POPULATION

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH BY SEX

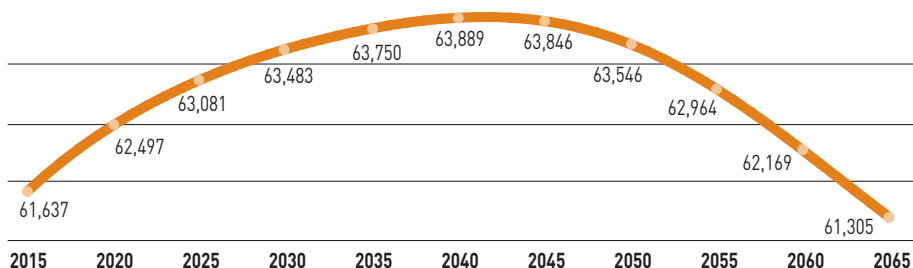
1961-2065



* estimate **projection

RESIDENT POPULATION PROJECTIONS

2015-2065, (in thousands), as at 1 January



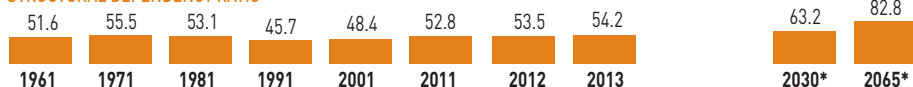
DEMOGRAPHIC INDICATORS

Censuses 1961-2011, 1 January 2012 and 2013, projections 2030-2065

AGEING RATIO

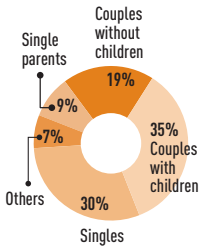


STRUCTURAL DEPENDENCY RATIO



* projection

MAIN HOUSEHOLD TYPES IN 2012-2013



percentage composition

Marriages: data refer to marriages celebrated in Italy during the year regardless of the couple's residence. They include marriages between two non-residents in Italy or between one resident and one non resident in Italy

Household: a group of people linked by ties of marriage, kinship, affinity, adoption, guardianship or affection, sharing the same house and with usual residence in the same Municipality. Households can also consist of one member only

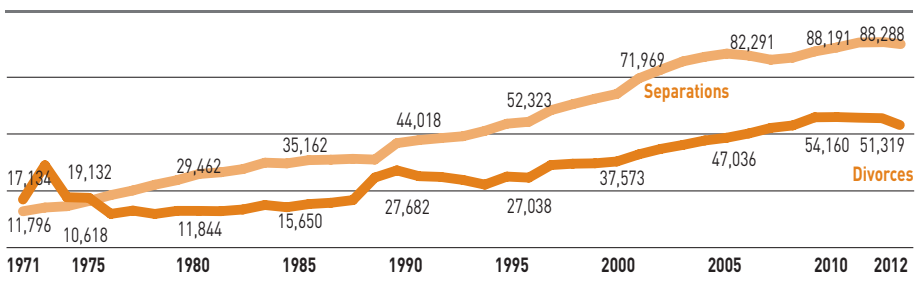
LIVE BIRTHS OF PRESENT POPULATION BY SEX 1933-2013

	Males	Females	Total
1933	511,032	484,947	995,979
1943	453,386	428,719	882,105
1953	431,664	407,814	839,478
1963	492,754	467,582	960,336
1973	449,999	424,547	874,546
1983	309,119	291,099	600,218
1993	283,523	265,961	549,484
2003	264,298	249,359	513,657
2013	259,008	244,784	503,792

MARRIAGES AND AVERAGE AGE OF SPOUSES 2002-2012

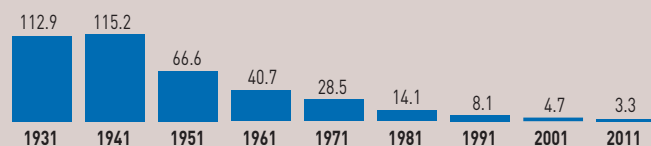
	MARRIAGES				AVERAGE AGE OF SPOUSES	
	TOTAL	of which civil marriages	With at least one foreign partner	per 1,000 inhabitants	Males	Females
2002	270,013	28.9	9.5	4.7	32.9	29.6
2003	264,097	29.4	10.5	4.6	33.2	29.9
2004	248,969	31.9	12.3	4.3	33.6	30.3
2005	247,740	32.8	13.3	4.2	34.0	30.7
2006	245,992	34.0	14.0	4.2	34.0	30.6
2007	250,360	34.6	13.8	4.2	34.2	31.0
2008	246,613	36.7	15.0	4.1	34.5	31.3
2009	230,613	37.2	13.9	3.8	34.8	31.5
2010	217,700	36.5	11.5	3.6	35.1	31.8
2011	204,830	39.2	13.0	3.4	35.5	32.1
2012	207,138	41.0	14.8	3.5	35.8	32.4

SEPARATIONS AND DIVORCES 1971-2012



Infant mortality: includes deaths in the first year of age before the first birthday, including those died before the registration of birth

INFANT MORTALITY PER 1,000 LIVE BIRTHS



HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE FOR HEALTHCARE GOODS AND SERVICES IN 2013

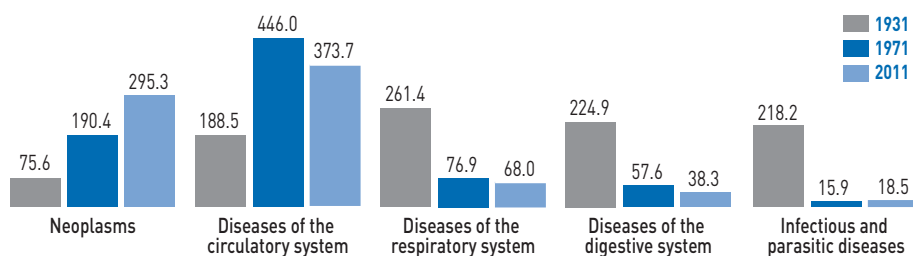
Hospitalisations	211
Check-ups	124
Dentist	319
Auxiliary health services	164
Diagnostic tests	67
X-rays/ultrasound scans/Ecg	87
Glasses/contact lenses/blood pressure devices	178
Drugs	85
Thermometers/syringes	37

euro

6 HEALTH

DEATHS BY SOME CAUSES

1931, 1971 and 2011, per 100,000 inhabitants



NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE INDICATORS

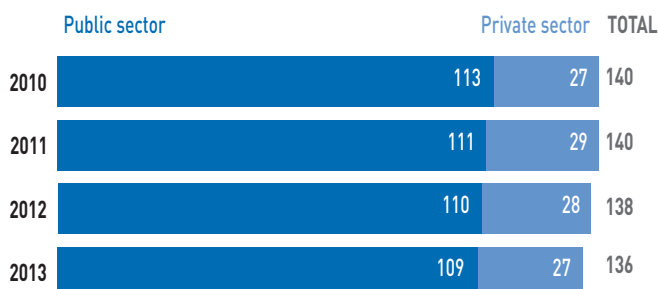
2011

	North	Centre	South and the Islands	Italy
General practitioners	19,608	9,771	16,682	46,061
General practitioner rate*	7.2	8.4	8.1	7.8
Patients per general practitioner	1,231	1,074	1,080	1,143
National Health Service paediatricians	3,258	1,517	2,941	7,716
National Health Service paediatrician rate**	8.6	9.6	9.6	9.2
Patients per paediatrician (under 14)	922	846	825	870
Non-emergency medical on-call services	795	416	1,670	2,881
On-call physicians	3,073	1,839	7,009	11,921
Local Health Authorities	74	29	42	145
Unified booking centres	65	29	41	135

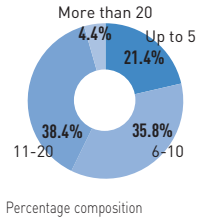
* per 10,000 inhabitants ** per 10,000 children aged 0-14

HEALTH EXPENDITURE BY SECTOR

2010-2013, billions of euro at current prices



SMOKERS BY NUMBER OF DAILY CIGARETTES SMOKED IN 2013

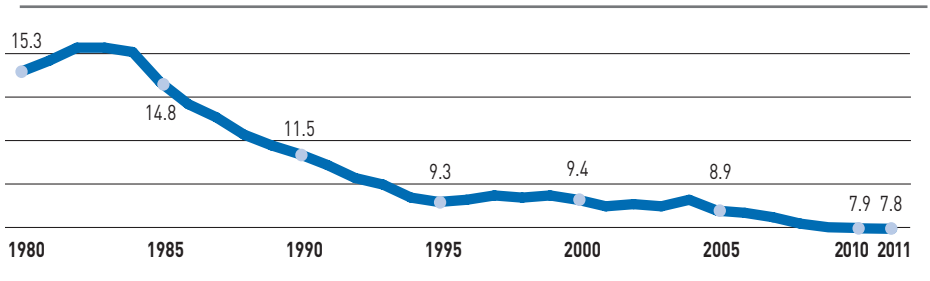


Induced abortions: there has been a sharp reduction since Law n. 194/78 made induced abortions legal in Italy. 1982 and 1983 were the peak years, with a number of interventions exceeding 230,000 per year and an abortion rate of 16.7 and 16.4 respectively per 1,000 resident women aged 15 to 49. From that moment on, the number of induced abortions and the abortion rate progressively reduced to less than 8 per 1,000

Body Mass Index (BMI): determined by dividing the body weight in kilograms by the squared height in meters. A BMI under 18.5 is considered underweight, one of 18.5-24.99 is considered a healthy weight, one of 25-29.99 is overweight and one of 30 or more is obese

INDUCED ABORTIONS

1980-2011, per 1,000 resident women aged 15-49



DRUG CONSUMERS* BY AGE

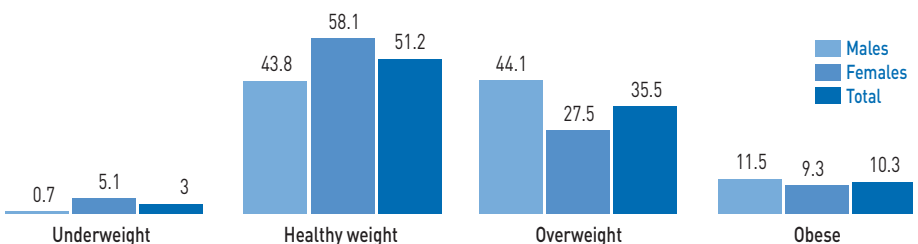
1993-2013, thousands of people

	1993	1998	2007	2009	2011	2013
Up to 14	1,524	1,396	1,557	1,372	1,234	1,113
15-34	2,753	2,626	2,834	2,926	2,620	2,402
35-64	7,317	7,686	9,694	9,997	9,871	10,240
65 and over	5,986	6,933	9,008	9,509	9,607	10,318
Total	17,580	18,641	23,093	23,804	23,332	24,073

* in the two days preceding the interview

PERSONS BY BODY MASS INDEX

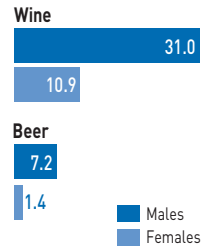
2013, per 100 persons aged 18 and over



Sport practise: in 2013, 21.3% of population aged 3 and over practiced one or more sports with continuity, while 8.7% did it discontinuously. People who did not do any sport but claimed to perform some physical activity (such as walking, swimming or cycling) amounted to 27.7%. The sedentary, namely those who did not either do any sport or perform any physical activity, were 42%: 46.5% of women and 37.1% of men.

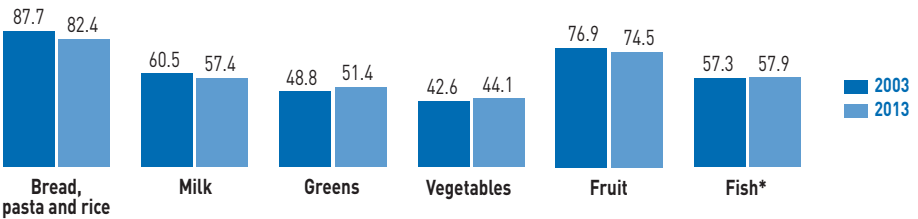
Sport was the most widespread leisure activity among the young: children aged 6-17, in particular males aged 11-14 (61.6%) practised sport with continuity, while 17.2% of people aged 20-24 did it occasionally

DAILY CONSUMERS OF ALCOHOLIC DRINKS IN 2013



8 LIVING CONDITIONS

CONSUMERS OF SOME FOOD AT LEAST ONCE A DAY 2003 and 2013, per 100 people aged 3 and over

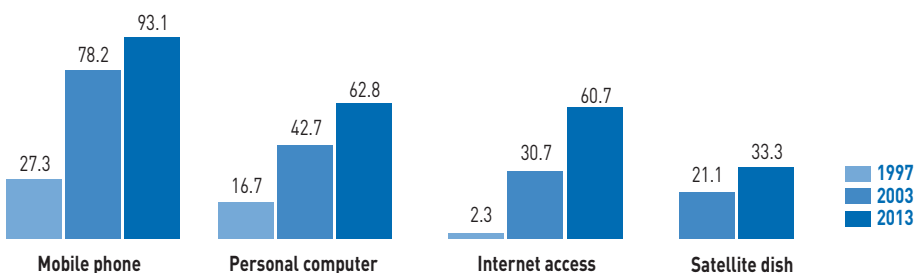


* at least sometime during the week

MEANS OF TRANSPORT USED TO TRAVEL TO WORK 1995-2013, per 100 persons employed aged 15 and over that travel to work

	1995	1998	2001	2005	2007	2010	2013
Train	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.7
Tram, bus	4.9	5.2	4.9	5.0	5.5	5.6	6.1
Underground	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.5	2.4	3.4
Coach	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.1	3.2	2.4	2.6
Car	70.3	71.9	73.9	76.4	74.4	76.2	74.3
Motorcycle, motorbike	3.9	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.4	3.9	3.5
Bicycle	3.3	2.7	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.8
Walking	13.6	12.9	11.5	11.1	11.2	10.7	11.5

TECHNOLOGICAL GOODS OWNED BY HOUSEHOLDS 1997-2013, per 100 households



AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENDITURE BY ITEM

1968



1980



2013



Food
Non-food

percentage composition

Average monthly expenditure: average consumption expenditure incurred by resident households each month. It is calculated by dividing the total expenditure by the number of households

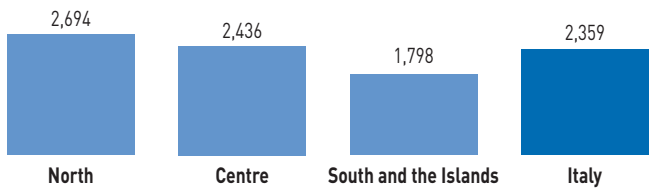
Average actual expenditure for purchase of goods: is calculated by dividing the households' total expenditure for a good (or service) by the number of households that have purchased the same good (or service)

Reference person: the family head as recorded in the Register Office

AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENDITURE BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND CHAPTER 2013, percentage composition to total expenditure

	Food	Clothing	Housing	Transport	Leisure time	Others	Average monthly expenditure (euro)
Single person under 35	16.7	5.2	40.3	16.7	5.1	15.9	1,853
Single person 35 to 64	16.5	4.4	41.1	18.0	4.4	15.6	2,002
Single person 65 and over	21.0	2.8	52.1	8.7	3.3	12.2	1,585
Couple without children with r.p. under 35	15.0	5.2	35.4	19.7	5.6	19.1	2,707
Couple without children with r.p. 35-64	18.0	4.8	38.9	17.3	4.5	16.6	2,639
Couple without children with r.p. 65 and over	21.2	3.4	45.1	12.8	3.3	14.1	2,316
Couple with 1 child	18.9	5.0	37.5	17.7	5.8	15.1	2,800
Couple with 2 children	20.0	5.8	34.3	18.1	6.6	15.2	2,891
Couple with 3 or more children	21.9	5.6	32.9	19.4	6.8	13.3	2,867
Single parent	20.1	4.9	38.9	15.9	5.7	14.4	2,303
Other types	21.9	4.4	38.3	15.9	5.1	14.4	2,491
Total households	19.5	4.6	39.9	16.1	5.1	14.7	2,359

HOUSEHOLDS' AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENDITURE BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA 2013, euro



AVERAGE ACTUAL EXPENDITURE FOR DURABLES BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA 2013, euro

	North	Centre	South and the Islands	Italy
Dishwasher	553	481	460	525
Air conditioner	1,387	1,106	734	1,146
Television	518	438	395	483
Personal computer	487	456	426	475
Mobile phone	215	201	197	209
Camera	731	914	499	712
New car	18,172	18,097	12,279	17,239

The school system: is divided into six levels:

- pre-primary
- primary
- lower secondary
- upper secondary
- non-tertiary post-secondary (i.e. regional-funded post-secondary vocational training courses)
- tertiary (university, doctoral and specialisation courses)

Enrolment rate in upper secondary education: ratio of students enrolled to resident population aged 14-18, per 100. From school year 2006/07 to 2009/10 the indicator includes data on students of first and second classes of vocational schools of the autonomous Province of Bolzano (under the 2007 Budget law)

ENROLMENT RATE IN UPPER SECONDARY EDUCATION

1990/91	68.3
1995/96	80.8
2000/01	87.6
2005/06*	93.0
2006/07	94.5
2007/08	94.9
2008/09	94.3
2009/10	93.8
2010/11	91.4
2011/12	93.0
2012/13	93.1

* starting from 2005/06 school year, the reference population is that resulting from the Population Census 2011

10 EDUCATION

SCHOOLS, CLASSES AND STUDENTS BY TYPE OF SCHOOL

School year 2012/2013

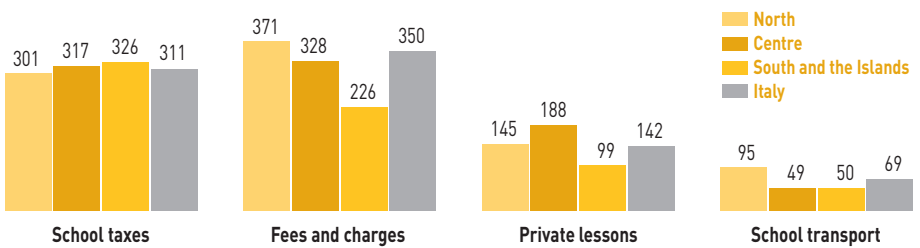
	Pre-primary	Primary	Lower secondary	Upper secondary
Schools	24,036	17,413	8,150	7,105
Classes*	72,793	146,403	82,565	126,056
Students	1,686,095	2,825,400	1,779,758	2,652,448
% of female students	48.1	48.4	47.9	48.7
% of students enrolled in public schools	70.5	93.2	96.0	95.3
Foreigners per 100 students enrolled	9.8	9.8	9.6	6.6
Repeaters per 100 students enrolled	-	0.3	3.6	5.8
Teachers**	81,352	201,226	139,247	204,242
Students per teacher**	14.6	13.1	12.3	12.4

* pre-primary values refer to sections

** data refer to public schools only

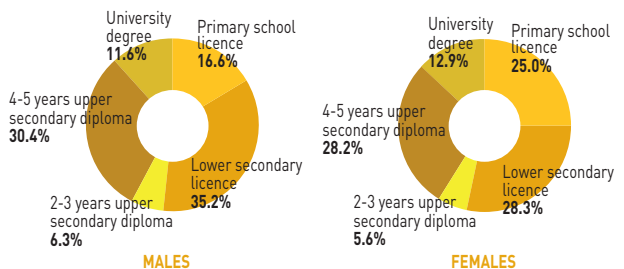
ACTUAL AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

2013, euro



POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER BY EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION AND SEX

2013, percentage composition



UNIVERSITY GRADUATES BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA* IN 2011

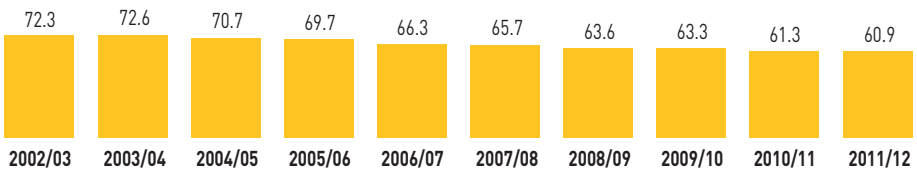
North	130,794
Centre	76,494
South and the Islands	91,584
Italy	298,872

* the geographical area is the one where the university is located

The university system: the university system is divided into three cycles. The first cycle includes three-year courses leading to the new Bachelor's degree. The second cycle, leading to the Master's degree, includes second-level courses which can be of two years duration (they can be accessed with the Bachelor's degree) or have a long single cycle structure (they can be accessed with an upper secondary school diploma and last 5-6 years: Architecture, Civil Engineering, Pharmacy, Dentistry, Veterinary science and Medicine). The third cycle includes three-year courses which can be accessed with the Master's degree and lead to the Doctoral degree. Although decreasing, some courses of the old system still exist, i.e. those lasting 4-6 years leading to the Master's degree and those lasting 3 years leading to the Bachelor's degree

UNIVERSITY NEW ENTRANTS

Academic years 2002/03-2011/12, per 100 upper secondary school graduates in the preceding school year



UNIVERSITY NEW ENTRANTS, ENROLLED STUDENTS AND GRADUATES BY FIELD OF STUDY

Academic year 2011/2012, absolute values and percentage changes

	NEW ENTRANTS*		ENROLLED STUDENTS		GRADUATES**	
	Total	% change on previous year	Total	% change on previous year	Total	% change on previous year
Maths and physical science	9,677	6.1	51,960	-0.4	8,201	-2.2
Chemistry and Pharmacy	12,852	-6.7	73,404	-0.4	7,760	3.4
Life and natural sciences	15,747	-9.6	80,343	-4.4	14,342	0.6
Medicine	24,554	-5.7	165,453	2.2	31,146	5.1
Engineering	35,491	2.1	209,354	1.5	34,875	0.9
Architecture	11,292	-13.7	98,106	-3.1	17,048	6.1
Agriculture	8,499	12.4	42,120	2.6	5,608	5.9
Economic and statistics	40,654	-3.0	236,299	-1.0	43,796	4.0
Political and social sciences	26,669	-4.3	170,198	-6.1	34,751	-0.1
Law	30,283	-5.5	207,189	-2.2	21,033	2.8
Humanities	19,208	1.0	138,017	-4.3	26,303	2.5
Languages	17,539	5.0	92,888	-1.3	17,274	3.7
Education	11,716	-10.0	87,714	-4.4	16,529	12.9
Psychology	8,809	-10.4	67,189	-2.2	14,636	6.0
Physical training	5,533	-3.1	29,079	1.6	4,803	9.5
Army	343	-12.9	1,879	-4.2	767	-3.9
Total	278,866	-3.3	1,751,192	-1.7	298,872	3.4

* data refer to students enrolled for the first time and do not include students who have interrupted or completed another academic year

** data refer to Bachelor's and Master's degree graduates (both from two-year and single cycle degree courses)

ENROLMENTS AT UNIVERSITY AND GRADUATES

* academic year 2011/2012, per 100 persons aged 19-25;

** year 2011, per 100 persons aged 25. Data refer to students who have obtained a second level degree: Master's degree (both after two-year and single cycle courses), and Bachelor's degree of the old system

ENROLMENTS AT UNIVERSITY*



GRADUATES**



■ Males
■ Females
| Total

Labour force survey: provides official estimates of employed, job-seekers and main labour market aggregates. Data are collected through 260,000 interviews carried out more than once every year on a sample of 160,000 resident households (about 370,000 individuals). People permanently living abroad, in communities, religious institutes, barracks and similar are not included in the survey. Since 2004, the survey has been carried out on a “continuous” basis as data are collected every week of the year, although results are published monthly and every three months

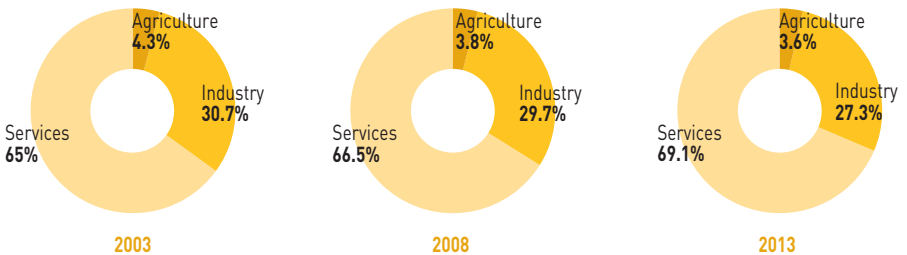
Labour force: includes persons employed and job-seekers

12 LABOUR MARKET

LABOUR FORCE BY WORKING STATUS, SEX AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA 2013, thousands of people

	Males	Females	Total
EMPLOYED			
North	6,664	5,111	11,776
Centre	2,683	2,063	4,746
South and the Islands	3,743	2,156	5,899
Italy	13,090	9,330	22,420
JOB-SEEKERS			
North	551	534	1,085
Centre	290	288	578
South and the Islands	861	589	1,450
Italy	1,702	1,411	3,113
LABOUR FORCE			
North	7,215	5,645	12,860
Centre	2,973	2,351	5,324
South and the Islands	4,604	2,745	7,349
Italy	14,792	10,741	25,533

EMPLOYED BY SECTOR OF ACTIVITY 2003-2013, percentage composition



EMPLOYED BY ACTUAL WEEKLY HOURS WORKED AND SECTOR OF ACTIVITY 2013, percentage values

	Absent from work	Up to 10 hours	11-30 hours	31 hours and over (total)	31 hours and over (of which: 40 hours)	Not available
Agriculture	5.3	3.1	18.0	72.3	28.2	1.3
Industry	10.5	1.5	10.8	76.6	55.5	0.6
Services	7.8	3.3	25.5	62.6	25.7	0.7
Total	8.4	2.8	21.3	66.8	33.9	0.7

**FIXED-TERM EMPLOYED PERSONS
ON TOTAL EMPLOYEES IN 2013**

TOTAL

Eu28	13.8
Italy	13.2
Germany	13.4
Spain	23.4
France	16.5

AGED 15-24

Eu28	42.7
Italy	52.6
Germany	52.8
Spain	65.0
France	58.6

percentage values

Persons employed: all individuals aged 15 and over that in the reference week:

- have carried out at least 1 hour's paid work
- have carried out at least 1 hour's unpaid work in a family business
- are absent from work (i.e. for holidays or illness)

Job-seekers: all individuals aged 15-74 that:

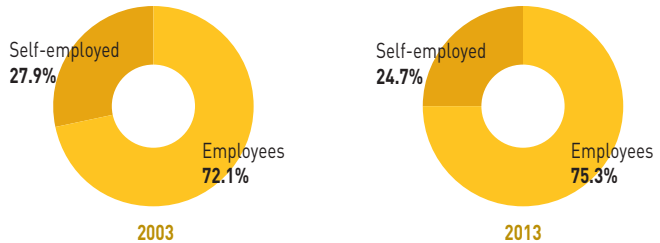
- have been active on job search in the 30 days preceding the interview and would be able to start work within two weeks from survey
- will begin a new work within three months from interview and would be able to start work within two weeks from survey

PERSONS EMPLOYED BY OCCUPATION, SECTOR OF ACTIVITY AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA*
2013, thousands of people

	North	Centre	South and the Islands	Italy
AGRICULTURE				
Employees	97	52	259	408
Self-employed	200	63	143	406
Total	297	115	402	814
INDUSTRY				
Employees	3,110	874	932	4,916
Self-employed	654	257	283	1,194
Total	3,764	1,131	1,215	6,110
SERVICES				
Employees	5,799	2,621	3,135	11,554
Self-employed	1,916	879	1,147	3,942
Total	7,714	3,500	4,282	15,496
TOTAL				
Employees	9,006	3,547	4,326	16,878
Self-employed	2,770	1,199	1,573	5,542
Total	11,776	4,746	5,899	22,420

* any possible differences in totals is due to the rounding of the absolute values

**PERSONS EMPLOYED
BY OCCUPATION**
2003 and 2013,
percentage composition



PERSONS EMPLOYED BY OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT*
2013, thousands of people

TOTAL: 22,420

full time 18,407	part time 4,013
----------------------------	---------------------------

EMPLOYEES: 16,878

full time 13,685	part time 3,194
----------------------------	---------------------------

SELF-EMPLOYED: 5,542

full time 4,722	part time 820
---------------------------	-------------------------

* any possible differences in totals is due to the rounding of the absolute values

Activity rate: ratio of labour force to the correspondent reference population

Employment rate: ratio of the employed to the correspondent reference population

Unemployment rate: ratio of job-seekers to labour force

Long-term unemployment rate: ratio of job-seekers for more than 12 months to labour force

Semi-subordinate workers: freelance workers who perform their work in a continuous and autonomous way under the employer's coordination

Project workers: their work must be referable to one or more projects or phases thereof

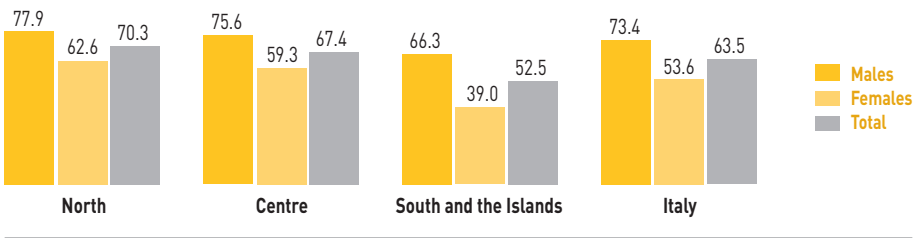
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES IN 2013

TOTAL	
Males	11.5
Females	13.1
Total	12.2
AGED 15-24	
Males	39.0
Females	41.4
Total	40.0
LONG TERM	
Males	6.5
Females	7.4
Total	6.9

percentage values

14 LABOUR MARKET

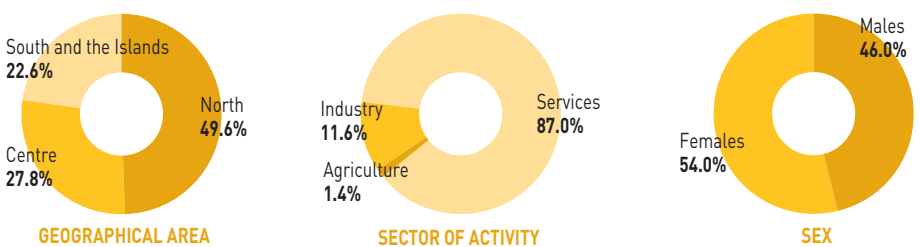
ACTIVITY RATES BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA AND SEX
2013, percentage values



LABOUR INDICATORS BY SEX AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA
2013, percentage values

	Activity rate (15-64)	Employment rate (15-64)	Unemployment rate
SEX			
Males	73.4	64.8	11.5
Females	53.6	46.5	13.1
GEOGRAPHICAL AREA			
North	70.3	64.2	8.4
Centre	67.4	59.9	10.9
South and the Islands	52.5	42.0	19.7
Total	63.5	55.6	12.2

SEMI-SUBORDINATE AND PROJECT WORKERS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA, SECTOR OF ACTIVITY AND SEX
2013, percentage composition



TOTAL NUMBER OF SEMI-SUBORDINATE WORKERS: 382,000

Disability, old age, length of service and survivors' pensions: paid in case of impaired work abilities; due to age limits or at the end of a full insurance career; to survivors in case of death of the pensioner or insured person provided that all insurance and contribution requirements are met

Compensatory pensions: indemnities paid by reason of impairment or death (to survivors in this case) caused by an event occurred on the job

Social assistance pensions: include non-contributory pensions, social allowances, pensions for the blind and partially-sighted, for the deaf and the invalid and war pensions

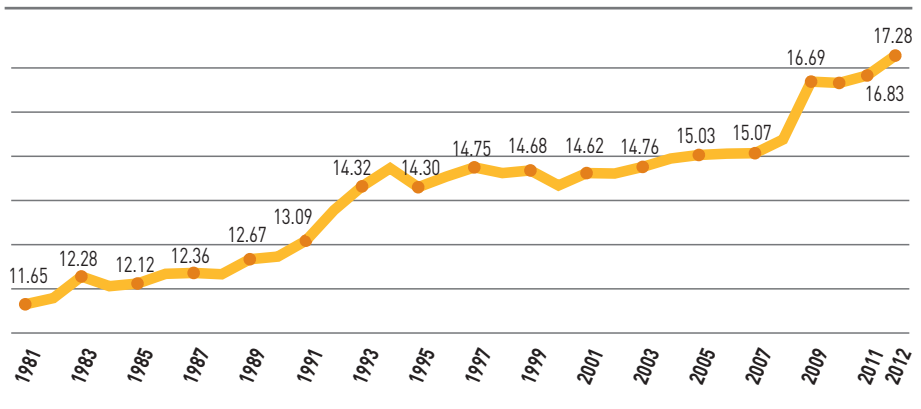
Retirement rate: per cent ratio of pensions to resident population on 31 December of the reference year

Relative benefit index: per cent ratio of average amount of pension to GDP per inhabitant

PENSIONS
2012

	Disability, old age and length of service, survivors	Compensatory	Assistance	Total
Number (thousand)	18,470	827	4,281	23,578
Total amount (millions of euro)	244,929	4,515	21,276	270,720
Average yearly amount (euro)	13,261	5,458	4,970	11,482
Expenditure/GDP	15.62	0.29	1.36	17.28
Retirement rate	30.95	1.39	7.17	39.50
Relative benefit index	50.47	20.79	18.97	43.74

TOTAL EXPENDITURE FOR PENSIONS
1981-2012, percentage of GDP



PENSIONERS AND AVERAGE ANNUAL GROSS PENSION INCOMES BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA
2011 and 2012

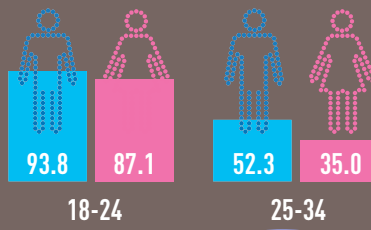
	2011		2012	
	number	average income (euro)	number	average income (euro)
North	7,845,588	17,088	7,800,629	17,478
Centre	3,255,408	17,445	3,239,826	17,804
South and the Islands	5,093,952	14,447	5,089,987	14,765
Italy*	16,194,948	16,329	16,130,442	16,687

* the total does not include pensioners residing abroad and a few cases for which it was not possible to identify the residence

Young people still living at home

Young single people aged 18-34 who still live with at least one parent

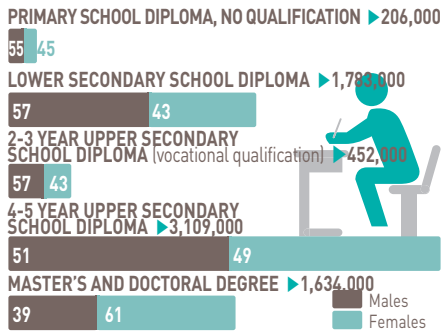
Year 2012, per 100 persons with the same characteristics



Education and work

QUALIFICATION

Young people aged 25-34 by sex. Year 2013, absolute and percentage values



ERASMUS GENERATION

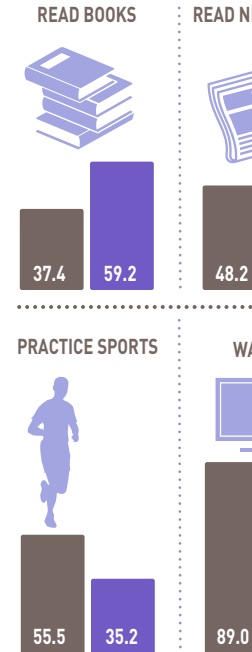
270,000

students chose to study abroad with an Erasmus scholarship in 2012-13 (26,000 were Italian). Spain, Germany and France were the favourite destinations



Cultural consumption

Young people aged 15-34 by type of consumption per 100 persons with the same characteristics



UNIVERSITY GRADUATES IN EMPLOYMENT

Employment status in 2011 of graduates of 2007, percentage compositions

- Employed
- Seeking employment
- Not seeking employment
- Employed continuously since graduation

LONG SINGLE CYCLE AND SECOND-LEVEL DEGREE COURSES

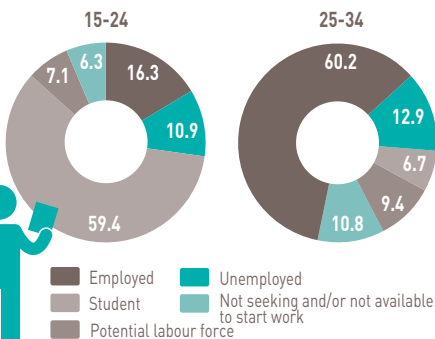


FIRST-CYCLE THREE-YEAR DEGREE COURSES



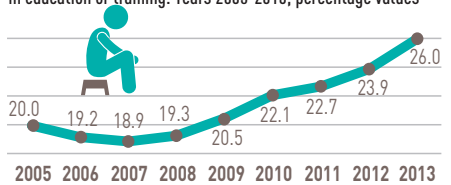
EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Young people aged 15-34 by age group. Year 2013, percentage values



NEET

Young people aged 15-29 years who are unemployed and not engaged in education or training. Years 2005-2013, percentage values



YOUNG PEOPLE LEAVING ITALY

26,070 15-34 year olds went abroad in 2012. Germany, United Kingdom and Swiss were the main destination countries



How many young people are married?

Young married people aged 15-34
Year 2012, percentage of the total population
of the same age group

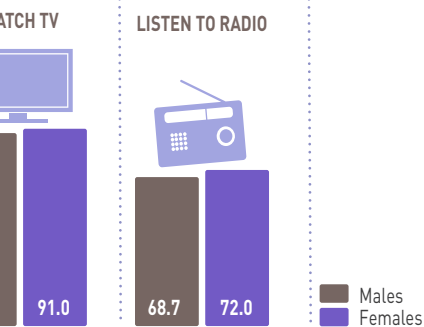
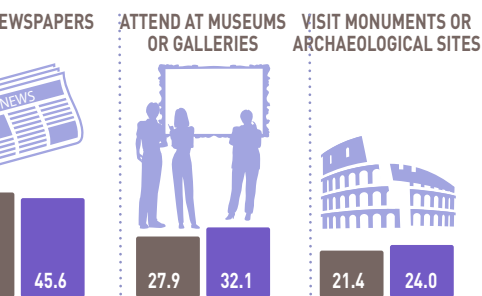
4.3% of young women
aged 15-24 and 43.3%
of those aged 25-34
are married

0.9% of young men
aged 15-24 and 25.8%
of those aged 25-34
are married



Consumption

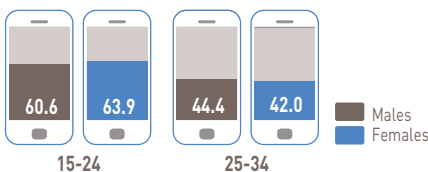
Cultural activity and sex. Year 2013,
characteristics



New technologies

USE OF THE INTERNET ON MOBILE DEVICES*

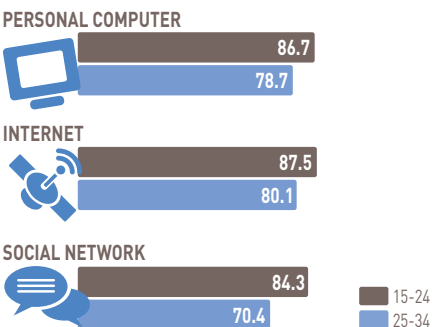
Young people aged 15-34 by sex and age group.
Year 2013, per 100 persons with the same characteristics



* Laptop, tablet, smartphone, Pda, MP3 reader, etc

USE OF PC, INTERNET AND SOCIAL NETWORKS

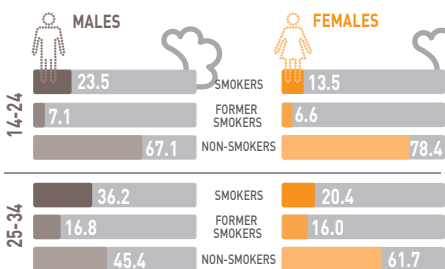
Young people aged 15-34 by age group. Year 2013,
per 100 persons with the same characteristics



Lifestyles

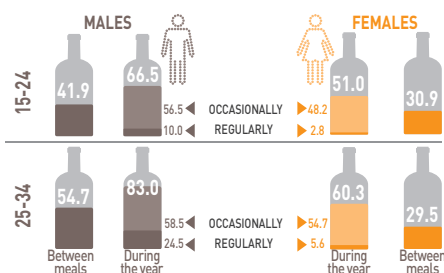
SMOKING HABITS

Young people aged 14-34 by age group and sex.
Year 2013, per 100 persons with the same characteristics



ALCOHOL USE AND ABUSE

Young people aged 15-34 by age group.
Year 2013, per 100 persons with the same characteristics



Theatre and music: include theatre (prose and dialect theatre, literary recitals), opera and operetta, variety shows and musicals, ballets, puppet shows, circuses, various arts performances, classical, pop and jazz concerts

Institutes of art and antiques: include State museums, art collections, galleries, picture galleries, archaeological sites and monuments open to the public during the reference year

READERS AND AUDIENCE IN 2013

TV watchers*

92.3

Radio listeners*

57.3

Newspaper readers**

49.4

Book readers**

43.0

* per 100 persons aged 3 and over
** per 100 persons aged 6 and over

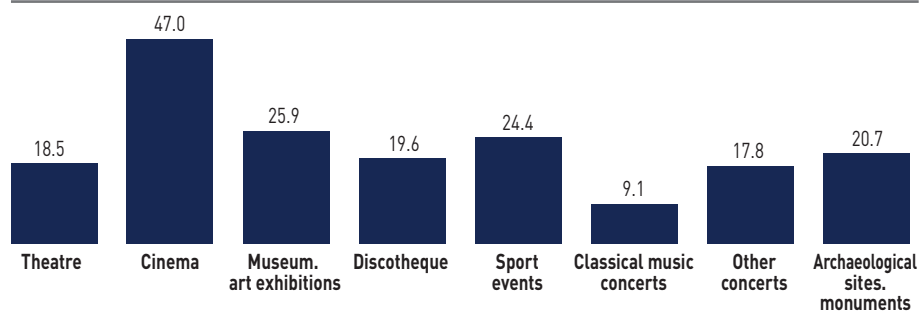
18 CULTURE

THEATRE, MUSIC, CINEMA AND ART 2005-2013

	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
THEATRE AND MUSIC					
Performances	187,556	207,401	181,232	175,721	169,672
Tickets sold (thousand)	30,889	35,900	34,252	34,021	33,105
CINEMA					
Days of release*	1,193,772	1,266,082	1,785,945	2,975,624	3,014,642
Tickets sold (thousand)	104,684	116,430	109,229	112,120	105,740
INSTITUTES OF ART AND ANTIQUES					
Institutes	403	400	423	424	431
Visitors (thousand)	33,048	34,443	32,380	40,134	38,181

* since 2008, film releases have been surveyed by single screenings

ENTERTAINMENT EVENT ATTENDANCE 2013, per 100 persons aged 6 and over



AVERAGE ANNUAL EXPENDITURE ON ENTERTAINMENT EVENTS 2005-2013, euro

	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
EXPENDITURE PER INHABITANT					
Theatre and music shows	8.85	10.40	10.61	10.46	10.62
Cinema	10.25	11.32	11.06	11.50	10.78
Sport events	5.32	6.01	6.02	5.87	5.82
Total	24.43	27.73	27.69	27.83	27.22
EXPENDITURE PER TICKET					
Theatre and music shows	16.75	17.13	18.60	18.64	19.15
Cinema	5.73	5.75	6.08	6.22	6.08

Civil case: proceeding aimed at settling disputes relating to labour law, land, social security and welfare. In first instance they are handled by the Justices of the peace and ordinary courts, while in second instance by the Courts of Appeal

Criminal case: proceeding aimed at ascertaining and sanctioning criminal responsibility for an offence. Data refer to filed, closed and pending proceedings handled by all first and second instance legal offices during the various procedural stages. Hence, each proceeding could be counted more than once depending on the office that handled it

Average duration: ratio of pending to filed and closed civil cases (initial+ending), per 365

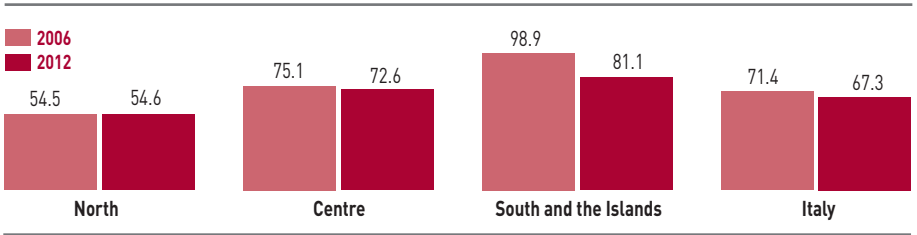
Litigation rate: ratio of first instance civil cases filed with the Justice of Peace or Ordinary Courts in the year to average resident population, per 1,000

STAFF OF THE JUDICIARY
2012

	MAGISTRATES		TECHNICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF		JUSTICES OF THE PEACE*	
	establishment plan posts	occupied posts	establishment plan posts	occupied posts	establishment plan posts	occupied posts**
North	3,185	2,920	13,759	11,138	1,481	679
Centre	1,745	1,612	8,314	6,905	803	367
South and Islands	4,185	3,784	19,383	17,137	2,406	1,246
Central offices***	490	378	2,666	2,031	-	-
Total****	9,605	8,694	44,122	37,211	4,690	2,292

* the Justice of the Peace functions are exercised by honorary magistrates who, however, have no contractual relationship with the Ministry of Justice
 ** honorary magistrates who have served as Justices of the Peace in 2012
 *** national offices: Ministry of Justice, High Court for public water, Anti-mafia national department, Supreme Court and General Attorney of Supreme Court
 **** values of the staff refer to the staff distributed in the offices of interest out of a total of 10,151 set by law

LITIGATION RATE BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA
2006 and 2012



CIVIL CASES BY LEVEL OF COURT
2006 and 2012

	2006		2012	
	first instance	second instance	first instance	second instance
Filed	4,177,444	146,629	4,041,919	189,936
Closed	3,969,649	109,558	4,266,052	193,288
Pending at the end of the year	4,660,175	384,707	4,655,595	623,758
Average duration in days	494	1,043	447	1,139

CRIMINAL CASES BY LEVEL OF COURT
2006 and 2012

	2006		2012	
	first instance	second instance	first instance	second instance
Filed	5,667,536	90,030	5,851,727	162,245
Closed	5,478,544	75,450	5,857,273	150,052
Pending at the end of the year	5,184,152	157,713	4,725,191	283,961

Judicial authority: the authority in charge of the administration of criminal, civil and administrative justice

Crime: offence for which the main penalty of imprisonment, fine and some accessory penalties (i.e. interdiction from Public Offices) are provided

Detainee: person indicted or sentenced under measures restricting freedom, held in prison in pre-trial detention or serving a sentence

Inmate: person sentenced to detention in special institutions (criminal psychiatric hospitals, treatment and surveillance centres, agricultural colonies or workhouses etc.)

DETAINEES AND INMATES AT THE END OF 2013 BY AGE

18-20	910
21-24	4,371
25-29	8,578
30-34	10,200
35-39	9,970
40-44	9,157
45-49	7,319
50-59	8,472
60-69	2,943
70 and over	597
Not classified	19
Total	62,536

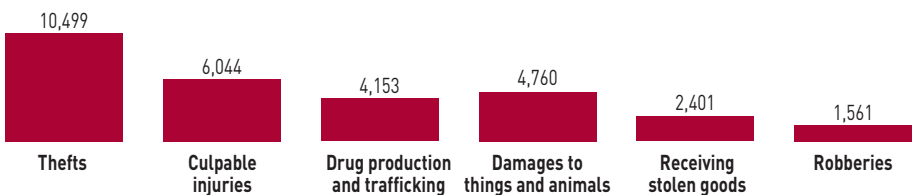
20 JUSTICE

CRIMES REPORTED BY POLICE FORCES TO JUDICIAL AUTHORITIES 2009-2012

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Intentional homicides	586	526	550	528
Attempted homicides	1,346	1,309	1,401	1,327
Unintentional homicides	1,718	1,765	1,783	1,716
Culpable injuries	65,611	64,866	68,500	69,527
Assaults	15,205	14,270	15,196	15,659
Threats	83,483	81,164	83,316	86,347
Kidnapping	1,481	1,436	1,443	1,474
Rapes	4,963	4,813	4,617	4,689
Thefts	1,318,076	1,325,013	1,460,205	1,520,623
Robberies	35,822	33,754	40,549	42,631
Extortions	6,189	5,992	6,099	6,478
Swindles and computer frauds	99,366	96,442	105,692	116,767
Laundering*	1,269	1,344	1,350	1,685
Receiving stolen goods	23,619	23,686	23,773	25,080
Damaging	415,391	414,923	398,521	364,435
Arson	10,921	9,622	12,980	13,170
Drugs	34,101	32,761	34,034	33,852
Embezzlement, misappropriation, corruption**	1,229	1,266	1,300	1,527
Abuse of office	1,099	1,193	1,196	1,259
Other crimes	508,356	504,874	500,507	510,060
Total	2,629,831	2,621,019	2,763,012	2,818,834

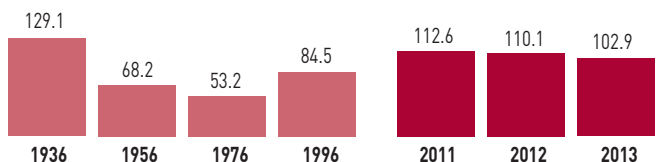
* articles 648 bis and 648 ter of the Criminal Code ** articles 314, 316, 316 bis, 316 ter, 317, 318, 319 ter, 320, 321, 322, 322 bis of the Criminal Code

MINORS REPORTED BY MAIN TYPE OF CRIME 2011*



* provisional data

DETAINEES AND INMATES* AT THE END OF THE YEAR 1936-2013 per 100,000 inhabitants



* minors not included

REGIONAL SHARES OF NATIONAL ECONOMY IN 2013

GDP	
North-west	32.5
North-east	22.9
Centre	21.5
South and the Islands	22.9
Extra-Regio	0.2
AWU	
North-west	30.0
North-east	22.9
Centre	21.4
South and the Islands	25.7
Extra-Regio	0.0

percentage composition

Gross Domestic Product at market prices (GDP): final result of production activities of resident units. GDP at market prices is the sum of final uses of goods and services (domestic consumption and gross capital formation) plus exports and less imports of goods and services

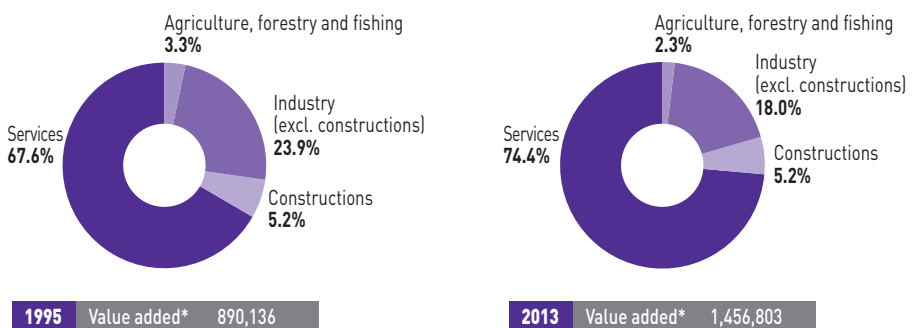
Value added at basic prices: difference between total production and intermediate consumption used in production, net of taxes and gross of subsidies on products

Annual Working Units (AWU): are calculated by converting into full-time units all work positions held by each person employed during the reference period

RESOURCES AND USES ACCOUNT 2010-2013, millions of euro

	2010	2011	2012	2013
CURRENT PRICES				
GDP at market prices	1,605,694	1,638,857	1,628,004	1,618,904
Imports of goods and services (Fob)	435,744	467,932	445,397	425,405
Total resources	2,041,439	2,106,789	2,073,401	2,044,309
Domestic consumption	1,307,760	1,329,508	1,311,072	1,294,177
Gross fixed capital formation	320,002	321,837	303,489	288,609
Changes in inventories	7,288	10,913	-3,478	-2,840
Valuables	2,241	2,312	2,248	2,068
Exports of goods and services (Fob)	404,148	442,219	460,071	462,296
Total uses	2,041,439	2,106,789	2,073,401	2,044,309
CHAIN-LINKED VOLUMES (IN MONETARY TERMS) WITH REFERENCE YEAR 2010				
GDP at market prices	1,605,694	1,615,117	1,578,493	1,548,107
Imports of goods and services (Fob)	435,744	438,038	403,104	392,186
Total resources	2,041,439	2,053,155	1,980,571	1,939,112
Domestic consumption	1,307,760	1,301,860	1,257,590	1,228,809
Gross fixed capital formation	320,002	313,785	290,568	274,861
Changes in inventories	-	-	-	-
Valuables	2,241	2,029	1,938	1,757
Exports of goods and services (Fob)	404,148	425,107	433,501	436,060
Total uses	2,041,439	2,053,155	1,980,571	1,939,112

VALUE ADDED AT BASIC PRICES BY SECTOR OF ACTIVITY 1995 and 2013, percentage composition



* millions of euro at current prices

Output price index: refers to changes in time of prices applied by industrial enterprises, excluding construction companies

Consumer price index: measures the variation in time of prices of a "basket" of goods and services: Istat calculates the following three consumer price indices:

- consumer price index for the whole nation (NIC), based on the entire present population's consumptions
- consumer price index for blue- and white-collar worker households (FOI) based on consumptions of households whose reference person is an employee

■ harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP), which refers to households' consumption of goods and services and gives comparable measures of inflation at the European level

Goods and services by purchase frequency:

- **High:** food and beverages, tobaccos, rent, fuels
- **Medium:** clothing, electricity, water and waste disposal rates, medicines, books
- **Low:** household appliances, transport means, audiovisual, photographic and computer equipment

22 PRICES

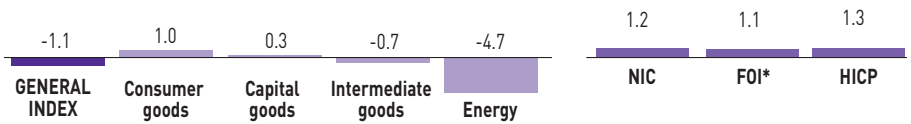
PRICE INDICES

2013, trend percentage changes

OUTPUT PRICE



CONSUMER PRICE



* excluding tobaccos

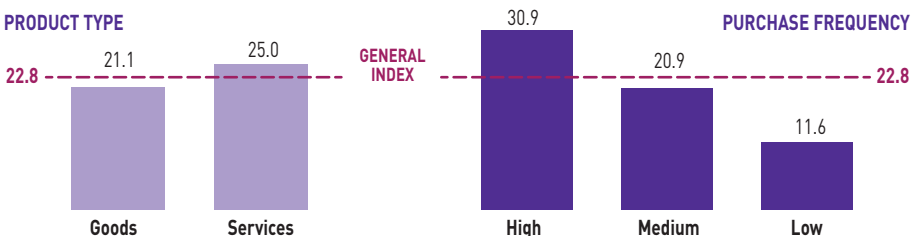
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (NIC) BY CHAPTER OF EXPENDITURE AND PRODUCT TYPE

2009-2013, trend percentage changes

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	1.8	0.2	2.4	2.5	2.4
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	3.8	2.8	3.5	5.9	1.5
Clothing and footwear	1.3	1.0	1.7	2.6	0.8
Housing, water, electricity gas and other fuels	-0.1	1.2	5.1	7.1	2.0
Furnishings, household items and services	1.8	1.1	1.7	2.1	1.2
Health services	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.4
Transport	-2.2	4.2	6.2	6.5	1.1
Communications	-0.3	-0.9	-1.2	-1.5	-5.1
Recreation and culture	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4
Education	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.6
Hotels and restaurants	1.2	1.6	2.2	1.5	1.4
Miscellaneous goods and services	2.6	3.2	3.2	2.3	1.2
General index	0.8	1.5	2.8	3.0	1.2
Goods	0.0	1.3	3.1	3.8	0.9
Services	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.2	1.5

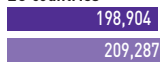
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (NIC) BY PRODUCT TYPE AND PURCHASE FREQUENCY

2003/2013 percentage changes

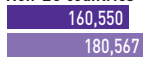


FOREIGN TRADE IN 2013*

EU countries



Non-EU countries



■ Imports
■ Exports

millions of euro
* provisional data

Foreign trade statistics: are based on the results of the surveys on Italian trade with EU and non-EU countries. The former, in accordance with the Intrastat system (introduced in January 1993), is carried out on a monthly basis with quarterly and yearly integrations. Data are provided directly by competent Customs offices. The survey on Italian trade with non-EU countries, based on customs declarations (single administrative document), is carried out on a monthly basis

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS BY SECTOR OF ACTIVITY

2012 and 2013, absolute values in millions of euro

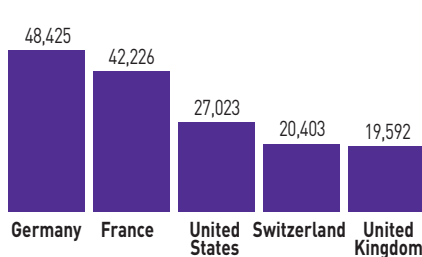
	2012		2013*	
	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports
Products of agriculture, forestry and fishing	12,312	5,822	12,652	5,973
Mining and quarrying products	74,262	1,452	59,339	1,195
Food, beverages and tobacco	27,295	26,086	28,037	27,468
Textiles, clothing, leather and accessories	26,526	43,101	26,534	44,971
Wood and wood products; paper and printing	9,248	7,635	9,212	7,763
Coke and refined petroleum products	10,588	20,497	12,232	16,355
Chemicals and chemical products	35,788	25,343	34,667	25,514
Pharmaceutical, medicinal chemical and botanical products	19,737	17,240	20,569	19,625
Rubber and plastics products and other non-metallic mineral products	11,517	22,597	11,687	23,218
Basic metals and fabricated metal products excluding machinery and equipments	37,782	50,842	35,164	45,484
Computer, electronic and optical equipment	25,474	12,661	22,171	12,272
Electrical equipment	13,299	19,939	12,874	20,227
Machinery and equipment n.e.c.	22,495	70,439	22,282	71,597
Transport equipment	30,578	36,288	29,401	37,163
Other manufactured products	10,485	20,928	10,436	21,846
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	2,615	256	2,288	273
Other products n.e.c.	10,292	9,057	9,908	8,909
Total	380,292	390,182	359,454	389,854

* provisional data

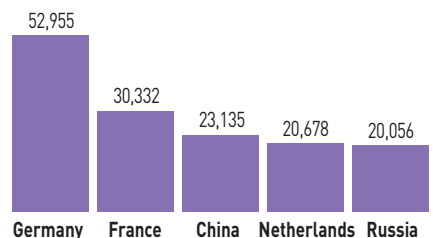
ITALY'S MAIN TRADING PARTNERS

2013*, absolute values in millions of euro

COUNTRIES TO WHICH ITALY EXPORTS



COUNTRIES FROM WHICH ITALY IMPORTS



* provisional data

Agricultural holding: economic-technical unit with land, equipment and machinery for farming, forestry and livestock. The undertaking is run by a tenant, i.e. a physical person, a company or a body assuming the corporate risk. The category also includes undertakings exclusively engaged in livestock raising without farmland. It does not include companies belonging to government agencies, to private non-profit institutions, communities, collective leaseholds and undertakings exclusively engaged in forestry

Annual Working Unit (AWU): is defined as the work volume corresponding to one full-time employed worker. In agriculture, it is equivalent to 280 days actually worked in the holding

LIVESTOCK NUMBERS ON 1 DECEMBER 2013

Cattle and buffalos	6,249
Pigs	8,562
Sheep and goats	8,158
in thousands	

SLAUGHTERED ANIMALS IN 2013

Cattle and buffalos	3,065
Pigs	13,099
Sheep and goats	3,169
in thousands	

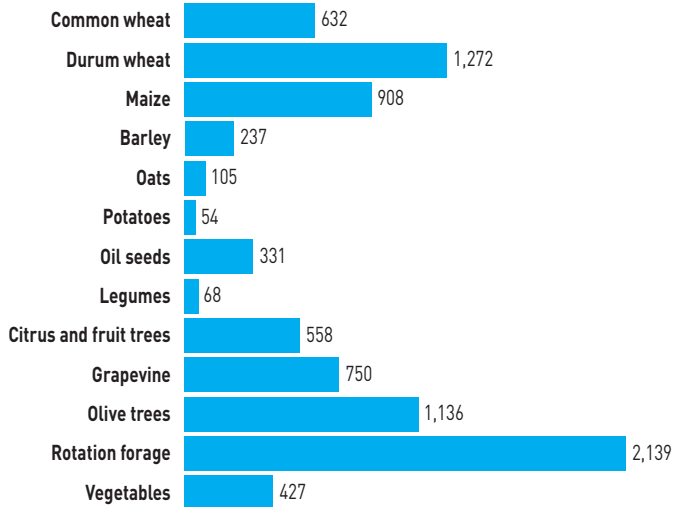
24 AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL HOLDINGS AND ECONOMIC RESULTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA 2012, percentage composition and absolute values

	North	Centre	South and the Islands	Italy
Agricultural holdings	24.5	15.6	59.9	1,618*
AWU	35.2	15.7	49.1	969*
Output	52.2	12.9	34.9	42,550**
Value added	47.7	13.2	39.1	23,763**
Labour cost	33.7	11.9	54.4	3,527**

* thousands of units ** millions of euro

UTILISED AGRICULTURAL AREA BY MAIN CROPS 2013, thousands of hectares



LICENSED AGRITOURISM FARMS BY ACTIVITY* AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA 2012

	Accommodation	Food service	Tasting	Other activities**	Total
North	6,911	4,675	1,451	4,846	9,567
Centre	6,746	2,501	1,317	4,891	7,076
South and the Islands	3,249	2,968	681	2,245	3,831
Italy	16,906	10,144	3,449	11,982	20,474

* a farm may be authorized to perform one or more types of agritourism activities

** riding, hiking, nature explorations, trekking, mountain bike, courses, sport, etc. are included

HARVEST OF TABLE GRAPES IN 2013

North	26
Centre	173
South and the Islands	10,884
Italy	11,083

thousands of quintals

Harvest and use of grapes: 58.2 millions of quintals of wine grapes (-0.3% over 2011) and 10.5 millions of quintals of table grapes (-13.4%) were harvested in 2012. The production of wine and must was of 42 millions of hectolitres. The 2012 production of wines with D.O.C. (Certification of Controlled Origin) or D.O.C.G. labels (Certification of Controlled and Guaranteed Origin) represented 39.9% of the total, while those with I.G.T. label (Typical Geographical Indication) 34.5% and table wines 25.6%. The white wine production was equal to 51.5% and red and rosé wines 48.5%

Plant protection products (pesticides): are the products used against all harmful organisms or to prevent the action of such organisms (infectious disease, plant pathogens, parasites and pests, infesting weeds)

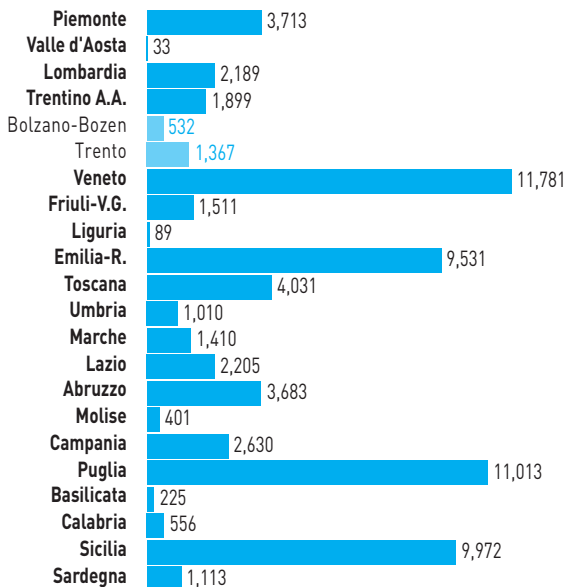
HARVEST OF MAIN CROPS

2013, thousands of quintals

	Wheat	Maize	Tomato	Olive trees	Citrus and fruit trees
North	28,113	72,227	20,252	496	37,360
Centre	14,244	4,653	2,540	3,170	3,064
South and the Islands	30,418	2,094	25,067	25,797	43,884
Italy	72,775	78,974	47,859	29,463	84,308

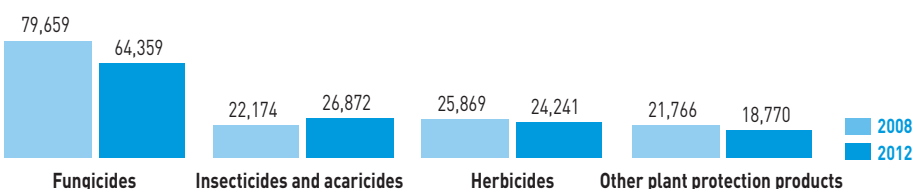
HARVEST OF WINE GRAPES

2013, thousands of quintals



PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS PLACED ON THE MARKET FOR AGRICULTURAL USE

2008 and 2012, tons



Collective accommodation establishments: include hotels, campings, resorts, agritourism facilities, youth hostels, rooms and flats for rent, holiday homes, alpine huts, bed and breakfast and other establishments (rural residences and centres for study stays)

Arrivals: number of resident and non-resident guests spending at least one night in collective accommodation establishments

Nights spent: number of nights spent by guests in collective accommodation establishments

Average length of stay: ratio of nights spent to number of arrivals

HOUSEHOLD AVERAGE ACTUAL EXPENDITURE FOR TRAVELS IN 2013

ITALY	
All inclusive	442
Full board	716
Overnight stay	536
ABROAD	
All inclusive	992
Full board	954
Overnight stay	547
euro	

26 TOURISM

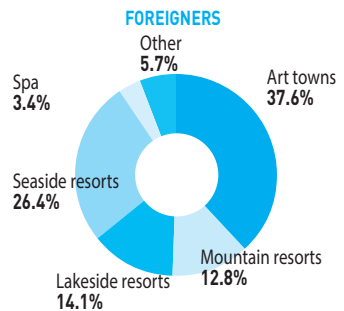
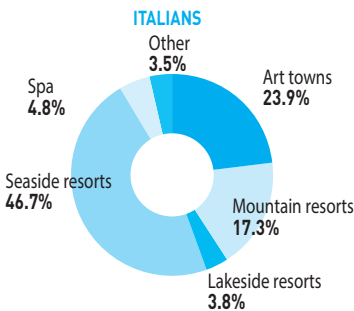
COLLECTIVE ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA
2012

	North	Centre	South and the Islands	Italy
Hotels	20,522	6,308	6,898	33,728
Campings and resorts	1,242	603	825	2,670
Rooms and flats for rent	60,721	7,445	5,638	73,804
Agritourism facilities	6,724	7,304	3,200	17,228
Youth hostels	245	171	78	494
Holiday homes	1,133	728	381	2,242
Alpine huts	962	67	34	1,063
Other accommodation establishments	227	318	213	758
Bed and breakfast	9,439	5,809	9,993	25,241
Total	101,215	28,753	27,260	157,228

GUESTS OF ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA
2012, thousands

	North	Centre	South and the Islands	Italy
ITALIANS				
Arrivals	30,003	12,541	12,451	54,995
Nights spent	105,768	43,337	51,011	200,116
Average length of stay (days)	3.53	3.46	4.10	3.64
FOREIGNERS				
Arrivals	29,033	14,099	5,607	48,739
Nights spent	110,007	46,747	23,841	180,595
Average length of stay (days)	3.79	3.32	4.25	3.71

NIGHTS SPENT BY DESTINATION
2012, percentage composition



TRAVELS BY TOURIST CHARACTERISTICS IN 2012

SEX

Males	51.1
Females	48.9

AGE GROUP

Up to 14	18.4
15 to 24	10.1
25 to 44	35.1
45 to 64	28.2
65 and over	8.2

RESIDENCE AREA

North	56.9
Centre	22.2
South and the Islands	20.9

percentage composition

Holidays: trips made by Italians in the reference period for holiday, leisure, recreation, visiting relatives and friends, religious purposes and health treatments

Holiday trips by destinations: the most visited Italian region is Toscana (destination of 10.1 out of every 100 travels to Italy), whereas the most popular international destination among Italian residents is Spain (14.6 out of every 100 travels abroad). Egypt is the most visited non-European country (4.1 out of every 100 travels abroad)

HOLIDAYS BY QUARTER AND LENGTH

2012

	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	Total
THOUSANDS					
1-3 nights	6,724	11,439	7,604	6,570	32,337
4 or more nights	3,916	5,137	23,854	3,455	36,362
Total	10,640	16,576	31,458	10,025	68,699
PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION					
1-3 nights	20.8	35.4	23.5	20.3	100.0
4 or more nights	10.8	14.1	65.6	9.5	100.0
Total	15.5	24.1	45.8	14.6	100.0

HOLIDAYS BY MAIN DESTINATION

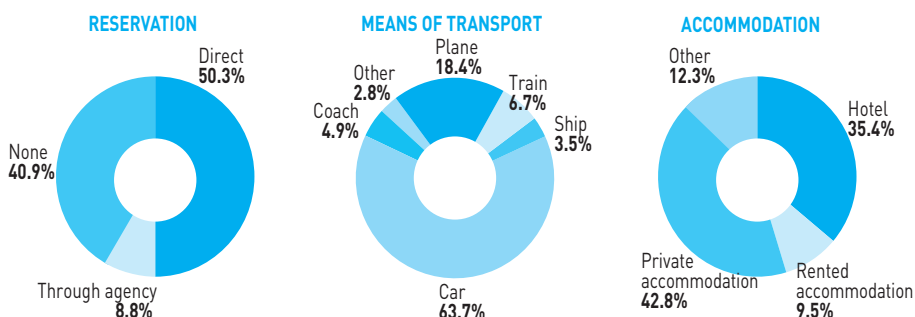
2012, percentage composition

	1-3 nights	4 or more nights	Total
Italy	88.3	72.0	79.7
North	46.5	27.9	36.7
Centre	22.2	14.7	18.2
South and the Islands	19.6	29.4	24.8
Abroad	11.7	28.0	20.3
EU countries	10.0	16.8	13.6
Other European countries	1.7	4.0	2.9
Rest of the world	(...)*	7.2	3.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

* (...) indicates that the phenomenon is too small and the calculated values are not significant

HOLIDAYS BY CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS

2012, percentage composition

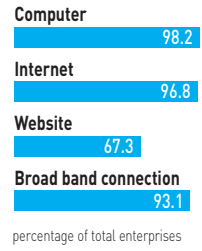


Enterprises: organisations carrying out economic activities at a professional level for the production of market goods or services

Workers: employees and self-employed in enterprises (full time, part-time or under training and employment contracts)

Information and communication technology (Ict): used to acquire and elaborate information or for communication purposes. It is also utilized in electronic manufacturing processes

ENTERPRISES WITH AT LEAST 10 EMPLOYEES USING ICT IN 2013



28 INDUSTRY AND SERVICES

INDUSTRY AND SERVICES ENTERPRISES BY SIZE AND SECTOR OF ACTIVITY 2011

	1-19 workers	20 workers and over	Total
Industry (excluding constructions)	410,710	32,724	443,434
Mining and quarrying	2,297	196	2,493
Manufacturing activities	394,514	30,967	425,481
Supply of electricity, gas, steam and conditioned air	6,251	296	6,547
Water supply; sewage systems, waste management and sanitation	7,648	1,265	8,913
Constructions	583,324	7,231	590,555
Services	3,287,989	38,673	3,326,662
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1,160,114	12,029	1,172,143
Transport and storage	128,350	5,834	134,184
Accommodation and restaurant services	299,846	4,049	303,895
Information and communication services	94,943	2,471	97,414
Real estate services	229,580	225	229,805
Professional, scientific and technical activities	696,533	2,479	699,012
Renting services, travel agencies, business support services	140,848	5,567	146,415
Education	25,439	664	26,103
Healthcare and social work	250,493	3,496	253,989
Arts, sports, entertainment and recreation activities	61,594	929	62,523
Other services activities	200,249	930	201,179
Total	4,282,023	78,628	4,360,651

EMPLOYMENT IN INDUSTRY AND SERVICES ENTERPRISES BY SIZE AND SECTOR OF ACTIVITY 2011




	1-19 workers	20 workers and over	Total
Industry (excluding constructions)	1,594,093	2,636,796	4,230,889
Mining and quarrying	10,800	22,824	33,624
Manufacturing activities	1,539,996	2,392,849	3,932,845
Supply of electricity, gas, steam and conditioned air	8,589	76,702	85,291
Water supply; sewage systems, waste management and sanitation	34,708	144,421	179,129
Constructions	1,322,929	335,703	1,658,632
Services	6,543,492	3,841,322	10,384,814
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	2,454,776	985,632	3,440,408
Transport and storage	339,939	751,180	1,091,119
Accommodation and restaurant services	995,130	285,931	1,281,061
Information and communication services	209,424	337,012	546,436
Real estate services	270,433	11,887	282,320
Professional, scientific and technical activities	996,612	187,569	1,184,181
Renting services, travel agencies, business support services	321,473	804,086	1,125,559
Education	58,309	29,271	87,580
Healthcare and social work	395,565	353,029	748,594
Arts, sports, entertainment and recreation activities	115,519	50,202	165,721
Other services activities	386,312	45,523	431,835
Total	9,460,514	6,813,821	16,274,335

bes | 2014

EQUITABLE AND SUSTAINABLE WELL-BEING IN ITALY


In 2010 Istat and Cnel jointly launched a project to measure equitable and sustainable well-being as part of the international debate on "Gdp and beyond". In accordance with politicians, civil society and experts in the field, well-being is measured on the basis of 12 social and environmental dimensions. The first Report was presented in March 2013 followed by the second edition in June 2014

TRENDS IN WELLBEING

-  IMPROVEMENT
-  DETERIORATION
-  STABILITY

Arrows show improvements and deteriorations of Bes indicators prior and after 2008.

New data processing produced for the Bes2014 Report, for which time series are not yet available, are indicated with the term **NEW**

INDICATOR	PERIOD OF REFERENCE	UP TO 2008	FROM 2008 ONWARDS
Health			
Life expectancy at birth (Males)	2004-2012		
Life expectancy at birth (Females)	2004-2012		
Healthy life expectancy at birth (Males)	2009-2012		
Healthy life expectancy at birth (Females)	2009-2012		
Physical Component Summary (PCS)*	2005, 2012		
Mental Component Summary (MCS)*	2005, 2012		
Infant mortality rate	2004-2011		
Age-standardised transport accidents mortality rate	2006-2011		
Age-standardised cancer mortality rate	2006-2011		
Age-standardised mortality rate for dementia and illnesses of the nervous system	2006-2011		
Life expectancy without activity limitations at 65 years of age (Males)	2008-2012		
Life expectancy without activity limitations at 65 years of age (Females)	2008-2012		
Overweight or obesity	2005-2013		
Smoking	2005-2013		
Alcohol consumption	2007-2013		
Sedentary behaviour	2005-2013		
Nutrition	2005-2013		
Education and training			
Participation in early childhood education	a.y. 2007/08-a.y.2011/12		
Percentage of people having completed at least upper secondary education	2004-2013		
Percentage of people having completed tertiary education	2004-2013		

INDICATOR	PERIOD OF REFERENCE	UP TO 2008	FROM 2008 ONWARDS
Percentage of early leavers from education and training	2004-2013		
Percentage of people not in education, employment or training (Neet)	2004-2013		
Percentage of people participating in formal or non-formal education	2004-2013		
Literacy level of students**	a.s. 2012/2013		
Numeracy level of students**	a.s. 2012/2013		
Percentage of people with high level of ICT competencies	2006, 2007, 2009, 2011-2013		
Cultural participation	2006-2013		
Work and life balance			
Employment rate of people 20-64 years old	2004-2013		
Non-participation rate	2004-2013		
Transition rate (12 months' time-distance) from non-standard to standard employment	2004/2005-2012/2013		
Share of employed persons with temporary jobs for at least 5 years	2004-2013		
Share of low wage earners	2008-2013		
Share of over-qualified employed persons	2004-2013		
Incidence rate of fatal occupational injuries or injuries leading to permanent disability	2005-2011		
Share of employed persons not in regular occupation	2004-2012		
Ratio of employment rate for women 25-49 years with children under compulsory school age to the employment rate of women without children*	2004-2013		
Share of population aged 15-64 years working over 60 hours per week*	2002/03, 2008/09		
Asymmetry index of family work*	2002/03, 2008/09		
Share of employed persons who feel satisfied with their work	2003, 2009, 2013		
Perception of job insecurity	2013		NEW
Economic wellbeing			
Real per capita adjusted disposable income	2004-2013		
Disposable income inequality	2004-2012		
People at risk of relative poverty	2004-2012		
Per capita nominal net wealth	2004, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012		
People living in financially vulnerable households	2008, 2010, 2012		
People living in absolute poverty	2005-2012		
Severe material deprivation rate	2004-2013		
People suffering poor housing conditions	2004-2013		
Index of subjective evaluation of economic distress	2004-2013		
People living in jobless households	2004-2013		
Social relationships			
Satisfaction with family relationships	2005-2013		
Satisfaction with friendship relationships	2005-2013		
Friends or neighbours to rely upon	2003, 2009, 2013		
Percentage of children aged 3 to 10 years who play with their parents	2005, 2008, 2011		
Provided aids	2003, 2009		
Social participation	2005-2013		
Volunteer work	2005-2013		
Association funding	2005-2013		
Non-profit organizations*	2001, 2011		
Social co-operatives	2001, 2009-2011		
Generalized trust	2010-2013		

INDICATOR	PERIOD OF REFERENCE	UP TO 2008	FROM 2008 ONWARDS
Politics and institutions			
Voter turnout	2004, 2009, 2014		
Civic and political participation	2011-2013		
Trust in the Italian parliament	2011-2013		
Trust in judicial system	2011-2013		
Trust in political parties	2011-2013		
Trust in local institutions	2012-2013		
Trust in other institutions (fire brigade, police)	2012-2013		
Women and political representation in Parliament	2008, 2014		
Women and political representation at regional level	2012-2013		
Women in decision-making bodies	2013-2014		
Women in the boards of companies listed on the stock exchange	2004-2013		
Median age of members of Parliament	2014		
Length of civil proceedings	2004-2012		
Security			
Homicide rate	2004-2012		
Burglary rate	2004-2012		
Muggings rate	2004-2012		
Robbery rate	2004-2012		
Rate of physical violence on women	2006		
Rate of sexual violence on women	2006		
Rate of domestic violence on women	2006		
Fear to undergo sexual crime*	2002, 2009		
People feeling safe walking alone after dark	2010-2013		
Fear of becoming the victim of a crime	2009		
Elements of decay in the neighborhood*	2002, 2009		
Subjective wellbeing			
Overall life satisfaction	2010-2013		
Leisure time satisfaction	2005-2013		
Expectations about the future	2012-2013		
Landscape and cultural heritage			
Endowment of cultural heritage items	2012-2013		
Per capita current expenditure of Municipalities for cultural heritage management (museums, libraries and art galleries)	2004-2011		
Illegal building rate	2004-2013		
Urbanization rate of areas subject to building restrictions	2001		
Depletion of rural areas due to urban sprawl	2001		
Depletion of rural areas due to abandonment	2001		
Presence of historic rural landscapes	2010		
Quality assessment of Regional rural development programs for landscape protection	2010		
Presence of historic green spaces or urban parks of significant public interest	2011-2012		
Consistency of historic urban fabric	2001		
Dissatisfaction with the quality of landscape of the place where they live	2012		
Concern about landscape deterioration	2012		

INDICATOR	PERIOD OF REFERENCE	UP TO 2008	FROM 2008 ONWARDS
Environment			
Drinkable water*	2005, 2008	=	
Quality of marine coastal waters	2004-2009	=	=
Quality of urban air**	2004-2012		
Availability of urban green spaces**	2011-2012		
Areas at hydrogeological risk	2007		
Contaminated sites	2013		
Terrestrial protected areas	2002, 2003, 2010, 2013	↑	=
Marine protected areas	2003, 2010, 2013	↑	↑
Areas of special naturalistic interest	2006-2013	↑	↑
Concern for biodiversity loss	2012-2013		=
Material flows	2004-2012	↑	↑
Energy from renewable sources	2004-2012	↑	↑
Emissions of CO ₂ and other greenhouse gases	2004-2011	↑	↑
Research and innovation			
Research intensity	2004-2011	↑	↑
Patent propensity	2004-2010	↓	↓
Percentage of knowledge workers on total employment	2004-2013	↑	↓
Innovation in the production system	2004, 2008, 2010	↓	↑
Percentage of product innovators	2004, 2008, 2010	↑	↑
Production specialization in high-tech and knowledge intensive sectors	2008-2012		=
Internet use	2005-2013	↑	↑
Quality of services			
Beds in residential health care facilities	2009-2011		↓
Waiting lists	2004-2012	=	=
Citizens who benefit from childcare services	2004-2011	↑	↑
Elders who benefit from home assistance	2004-2012	↑	↑
Irregularity in electric power distribution	2004-2011	↑	↑
Percentage of population served by natural gas	2005/2006-2012/2013	↑	↑
Irregularity in water supply	2005-2013	↑	↑
Urban waste disposal	2004-2012	↑	↑
Separate collection of municipal waste	2004-2012	↑	↑
Prison overcrowding	2004-2013	↓	↑
Time for mobility*	2002/2003, 2008/2009	=	
Density of urban public transport networks**	2004-2011		
Composite index of service accessibility	2006-2012	=	↑

* Trend across the whole reference period

** Data not available at national level

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