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Ufficio stampa tel. +39 06 4673.2243-44 ufficiostampa@istat.it

PENSION ENTITLEMENTS IN ITALY

To enhance statistical coverage of old-age provisions and its comparability between countries, a new table has been introduced by the European System of Accounts (ESA) 2010, in force since September 2014 (EU Regulation No 549/2013). The "Supplementary table on accrued-to-date pension entitlements in social insurance" (that is, Table 29), compiled by EU member countries for the first time at the end of 2017 for the reference year 2015, is a statistical requirement to be fulfilled every three years. Table 29 aims at presenting a complete picture of entitlements of households from social insurance pension schemes, in the framework of national accounts.

Content and structure of Table 29

Social insurance covers funded collective employment-related pension schemes such as pension funds, that are already included in the core national accounts and are recast in Table 29 (columns A to F). In the new table, the unfunded components are also represented, that is pension schemes provided by general government as an employer (column G) and social security pension schemes (column H), both previously outside the scope of national accounts. These components are still excluded from the core national accounts: therefore, they do not contribute to the definition of households saving nor to the calculation of public finance balances.

Therefore, entitlements of households towards social security pension schemes, which are the most important source of pension obligations by the general government and other institutional sectors in the EU, are presented for the first time in the context of national accounts as supplementary data estimated on the basis of actuarial model calculations. The boundary of Table 29 includes old age pensions (including early retirement), survivors' and disability pensions, while individual pension plans are excluded, together with non-contributory pensions such as social assistance, for which the actuarial estimation of entitlements is not feasible.

Table 29 is structured as a balance sheet of accrued-to-date pension entitlements of households, showing the initial and final stock of entitlements (rows 1 and 10) in a given year and the underlying flows which account for the change in entitlements (rows 2 to 9). Accrued-to-date entitlements provide a measure of the actuarial value of pension rights accumulated by retired persons as well as by the current workforce up to the present, without taking into account entitlements that will be accrued in the future by the current workforce, nor by expected new entrants in the system.

The actuarial estimation of entitlements over a long time horizon requires hypotheses on the long term trends of key demographic and economic parameters, which must be harmonized between EU member countries in order to ensure comparability. Among these, the discount rate applied to calculate the present value of accrued-to-date entitlements plays a key role, since it heavily influences the final outcome: the lower the rate, the higher the estimate of the present value, and vice versa. For this reason, ESA 2010 provides for the transmission of two additional versions of Table 29 for pension schemes not included in the core national accounts (columns G and H). These versions show to what extent the estimates based on actuarial model calculations change if

the discount rate is set at one percentage point higher or lower than the one agreed for the base scenario, assumed at 5% nominal (3% real).

The concept of accrued-to-date entitlements (or obligations, from the counterpart's point of view of pension managers) limits the time horizon to the present time, in accordance with the perspective of national accounts, and does not take into account expected flows of pension contributions. Hence, it is not by any means a measure of the sustainability of pension schemes, which necessarily requires the parallel projection of future pension benefits and contributions. At European level, the projected impact of pension schemes on the sustainability of public finances is addressed every three years by the European Commission in the Ageing Report, whose updated 2018 edition is due to be published soon, and by each EU member country in the context of the Stability Programme Update.

Main statistical findings

The columns of Table 29 relevant for Italy are those relative to private pension funds, already included in the core national accounts albeit with less detail (columns A, B and C), and the one relative to public mandatory social security pension schemes (column H), estimated for the first time. Column G regarding pension schemes provided by general government as an employer is not compiled, since in Italy there is no separate pension regime for general government employees as a whole. Pension entitlements accrued by this category are therefore included in column H.

Accrued-to-date pension entitlements towards pension funds at the end of 2015 are estimated at 113.8 billion euro or 6.9% of GDP (Table 1, column C). The main component is defined contribution schemes, which show an increase in entitlements with respect to the previous year, while defined benefit schemes show a decrease. This result is not surprising, since the latter are not allowed to collect new members since 1992 and are now mostly made up of pensioners.

In order to estimate individual pension entitlements towards social security pension schemes, a dedicated simulation model has been developed, based on a very detailed data base of pensioners and current contributors (private employees, public employees, self-employed, professionals, other) provided by the National institute of social insurance (INPS). Separate modules are implemented for pensioners and for workers that are paying or have paid contributions. For pensioners, two submodules deal with direct pensions and survivors pensions. For contributors, two submodules concern the defined benefit regime in force until the 1995 reform, and the full-fledged notional defined contribution (NDC) regime following the completion of the transition under Law no. 214/2011. For the transition period to the NDC regime, both submodules are combined in the estimation of entitlements.

Following ESA 2010 rules, severance pay schemes for private and public employees (*trattamento di fine rapporto*, TFR, and the like) and social assistance pensions have been excluded from the estimates, together with pension supplements (*maggiorazioni sociali, quattordicesima*). Topping-up to the minimum pension (*integrazione al minimo*) has been retained, as a solidarity component inherent in the pension system (Constitutional Court, Sentence no. 240/1994).

At the end of 2015, accrued-to-date pension entitlements towards social security pension schemes are estimated at 5,631.6 billion euro or 340.9% of GDP (Table 1, column H). The annual estimated increase in entitlements with respect to the end of 2014 amounts to less than 2% of GDP. The sensitivity analysis on column H provided for by ESA 2010 shows the high relevance of the discount rate parameter: setting the discount rate at one percentage point higher or lower than the base scenario has an impact on the estimates of nearly 45% and almost 60% of GDP respectively in the opposite direction (Table 2).

Finally, total pension entitlements at the end of 2015 amount to 5,745.4 billion euro or 347.8% of GDP (Table 1, column I). This figures compares with totals recently estimated by other European countries in the context of the compilation of Table 29 provided for by ESA 2010, and therefore calculated for the same reference year and on the basis of homogeneous hypotheses at the

European level (starting from the discount rate). In particular, the ratio of total pension entitlements to GDP amounts to 369.5% in France, 291% in Germany and 404% in the United Kingdom.

The compilation of Table 29 has been made possible by the contribution of an inter-institutional working group coordinated by Istat, including the Ministry of Economy and Finance (State General Accounting Department–RGS and Department of the Treasury), INPS and Bank of Italy. In particular, the building of the actuarial model underlying the estimation of column H derived from the thorough cooperation between Istat, INPS and RGS. Moreover, the cooperation of COVIP (Pension Funds Supervisory Authority) has been instrumental for the estimation of the other columns of Table 29.

Table 1. Accrued-to-date pension entitlements in social insurance: base case, 5% nominal discount rate (million euro)

| | | Recording | Core national accounts | | | | | Not in the core accounts | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Pension manager | | | Non-general government | | | General government | | | | | Counterparts: entitlements of | |
| | | | | Defined benefit | | | Defined benefit schemes for general goverr | | emment employees | | Total Pension Schemes | | |
| | | | Defined contribution schemes | schemes and other non-defined contribution schemes | non-defined | Defined contribution schemes | Classified in financial corporations | Classified in general government | Classified in general government | Social security pension schemes | | Resident households | Non-resident households |
| Relations | Row No. | Column number | A | В | С | D | E | F | G | н | I | J | к |
| Copening balance sheet - 31.12.2014 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | Pension entitlements (incl. contingent pension entitlements) | 98,927 | 9,167 | 108,094 | | | | | 5,504,570 | 5,612,664 | ŀ | |
| | | Pension entitlements (% of Gross Domestic Product 2014) | 6.1% | 0.6% | 6.7% | | | | | 339.4% | 346.1% | | |
| | | F10000(2014) | | | Changes in pensio | on entitlements due to tr | ansactions | | | | | | |
| Σ (2.1 to 2.4) - 2.5 | 2 | Increase in pension entitlements due to social contributions | 10,196 | 311 | 10,507 | | | | | 450,494 | 461,001 | | |
| | 2.1 | Employer actual social contributions | 7,103 | 123 | 7,226 | | | | | 108,632 | 115,858 | 5 | |
| | 2.2 | Employer imputed social contributions | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | C |) | |
| | 2.3 | Household actual social contributions | 2,536 | 41 | 2,577 | | | | | 66,633 | 69,210 |) | |
| | 2.4 | Household social contribution supplements | 1,001 | 170 | 1,171 | | | | | 275,229 | 276,400 | | |
| | 2.5 | Less: Pension scheme service charges | 444 | 23 | 467 | | | | | 0 | 467 | , | |
| | 3 | Other (actuarial) change of pension entitlements in social security pension schemes | | | | | | | | -67,742 | -67,742 | | |
| | 4 | Reduction in pension entitlements due to payment of pension benefits | 5,196 | 700 | 5,896 | | | | | 255,694 | 261,590 | | |
| | | • | | | Changes in pensi | on entitlements due to | other flows | - | • | | | | |
| 2 + 3 - 4 | 5 | Changes in pension entitlements due to social contributions and pension benefits | 5,000 | -389 | 4,611 | | | | | 127,058 | 131,669 |) | |
| | 6 | Transfers of pension entitlements between schemes | -19 | -115 | -134 | | | | | 0 | -134 | | |
| | 7 | Change in entitlements due to negotiated changes in scheme structure | | 0 | | | | | | 0 | C | | |
| | 8 | Changes in entitlements due to revaluations | 1,210 | -24 | 1,186 | | | | | 0 | 1,186 | | |
| | 9 | Changes in entitlements due to other changes in volume | -1 | 0 | -1 | | | | | 0 | -1 | | |
| | | | | | Closing ba | alance sheet - 31.12.20 | 15 | | | | | | |
| 1+ Σ (5 to 9) | 10 | Pension entitlements (incl. contingent pension entitlements | 105,117 | 8,639 | 113,756 | | | | | 5,631,628 | 5,745,384 | | |
| | | Pension entitlements (% of Gross Domestic Product 2015) | 6.4% | 0.5% | 6.9% | | | | | 340.9% | 347.8% | | |

The cells shown as are not applicable; the cells in will contain data which are not in the core national accounts.

| | | Recording | | Not in the core accounts | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | Pension manager | | General government | | | | |
| | | | Social security pension schemes | | | | | |
| Relations | Row No. | nominal discount rate | 4% | 5% | 6% | | | |
| | • | Opening balance sheet - 31 | .12.2014 | | | | | |
| | 1 | Pension entitlements (incl. contingent pension entitlements) | 6,458,193 | 5,504,570 | 4,763,795 | | | |
| | | Pension entitlements (% of Gross Domestic Product 2014) | 398.2% | 339.4% | 293.7% | | | |
| | | Changes in pension entitlements du | e to transactions | | | | | |
| Σ (2.1 to 2.4) – 2.5 | 2 | Increase in pension entitlements due to social contributions | 433,593 | 450,494 | 461,093 | | | |
| | 2.1 | Employer actual social contributions | 108,632 | 108,632 | 108,632 | | | |
| | 2.2 | Employer imputed social contributions | | | | | | |
| | 2.3 | Household actual social contributions | 66,633 | 66,633 | 66,633 | | | |
| | 2.4 | Household social contribution supplements | 258,328 | 275,229 | 285,828 | | | |
| | 2.5 | Less: Pension scheme service charges | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | 3 | Other (actuarial) change of pension entitlements in social security pension schemes | -32,646 | -67,742 | -93,368 | | | |
| | 4 | Reduction in pension entitlements due to payment of pension benefits | 255,694 | 255,694 | 255,694 | | | |
| | | Changes in pension entitlements d | ue to other flows | | | | | |
| 2 + 3 - 4 | 5 | Changes in pension entitlements due to social contributions and pension benefits | 145,253 | 127,058 | 112,031 | | | |
| | 6 | Transfers of pension entitlements between schemes | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | 7 | Change in entitlements due to negotiated changes in scheme structure | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | 8 | Changes in entitlements due to revaluations | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | 9 | Changes in entitlements due to other changes in volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | | Closing balance sheet - 31. | 12.2015 | | | | | |
| 1+ Σ (5 to 9) | 10 | Pension entitlements (incl. contingent pension entitlements) | 6,603,446 | 5,631,628 | 4,875,826 | | | |
| | | Pension entitlements (% of Gross Domestic Product 2015) | 399.7% | 340.9% | 295.1% | | | |

The cells shown as are not applicable; the cells in will contain data which are not in the core national accounts.

Useful links:

Information on the Italian pension system in 2015: https://europa.eu/epc/2015-pension-fiches-2015-ageing-report_en Information on private pension funds in Italy:

https://urlsand.esvalabs.com/?u=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.covip.it%2Fwpcontent%2Ffiles_mf%2F1482420552AnnualReport2015_Maindata_Englishversion.pdf&e=ba54c7f 6&h=809ed262&f=n&p=y

Updated parameters used in the model projections underlying column H of Table 29: <u>https://ec.europa.eu/info/publications/economy-finance/2018-ageing-report-underlying-assumptions-and-projection-methodologies_en</u>

ECB-Eurostat Technical Compilation Guide for Table 29: <u>https://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/techn_comp_gd_pens_dt_nat_accts_201201en.pdf</u>

Recent estimates of accrued-to-date entitlements for other EU member states: <u>http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/pensions/other-information</u>

The 2015 European Commission Ageing Report (2018 edition is forthcoming): http://ec.europa.eu/economy_finance/publications/european_economy/2015/ee3_en.htm